

Oilfield Research Laboratories

GENERAL INFORMATION & SUMMARY

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

Location NE SW NW

Section 23 Twp. 25S Rge. 8E County Greenwood State Kansas

Name of Sand	Bartlesville
Top of Core	2406.0
Bottom of Core	2435.9
Top of Sand	2408.6
Bottom of Sand (Recovered)	2435.9
Total Feet of Permeable Formation	24.7
Total Feet of Floodable Sand	16.8

Distribution of Permeable Sand:
Permeability Range
Millidarcys

	Feet	Cum. Ft.
0 - 1	4.1	4.1
1 - 5	8.8	12.9
5 - 10	2.5	15.4
10 - 20	6.3	21.7
20 & above	3.0	24.7

Average Permeability Millidarcys	9.2
Average Percent Porosity	15.8
Average Percent Oil Saturation	30.0
Average Percent Water Saturation	54.1
Average Oil Content, Bbls./A. Ft.	368.
Total Oil Content, Bbls./Acre	10,580.
Average Percent Oil Recovery by Laboratory Flooding Tests	6.5
Average Oil Recovery by Laboratory Flooding Tests, Bbls./A. Ft.	88.
Total Oil Recovery by Laboratory Flooding Tests, Bbls./Acre	1,471.
Total Calculated Oil Recovery, Bbls./Acre (Primary & Secondary)	4,335.
Packer Setting, Feet	
Viscosity, Centipoises @	
A. P. I. Gravity, degrees @ 60 °F	
Elevation, Feet	

23-25-8E

Jackson Heirs 16

Oilfield Research Laboratories

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY FLOODING TESTS

TABLE V

Company	Lease	Jackson Heirs	Well No.
Jackson Bros.	2406.0 - 2422.6	2422.6 - 2435.9	2406.0 - 2435.9
Depth Interval, Feet	4.0	12.8	16.8
Feet of Core Analyzed	16.1	17.8	17.4
Average Percent Porosity	39.8	27.0	30.1
Average Percent Original Oil Saturation	10.3	5.3	6.5
Average Percent Oil Recovery	29.5	21.7	23.6
Average Percent Residual Oil Saturation	66.0	73.1	71.4
Average Percent Residual Water Saturation	95.5	94.8	95.0
Average Percent Total Residual Fluid Saturation	495.	375.	404.
Average Original Oil Content, Bbls./A. Ft.	128.	75.	88.
Average Oil Recovery, Bbls./A. Ft.	367.	300.	316.
Average Residual Oil Content, Bbls./A. Ft.	1,980.	4,799.	6,779.
Total Original Oil Content, Bbls./Acre	514.	957.	1,471.
Total Oil Recovery, Bbls./Acre	1,466.	3,842.	5,308.
Average Effective Permeability, Millidarcys	0.27	1.98	1.57
Average Initial Fluid Production Pressure, p.s.i.	45.0	26.5	30.9

NOTE: Only those samples which recovered oil were used in calculating the above averages.

Oilfield Research Laboratories

GENERAL INFORMATION & SUMMARY

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

Location NE SW NW

Section 23 Twp. 25S Rge. 8E County Greenwood State Kansas

Table with 2 columns: Name of Sand / Description and Values. Includes rows for Top of Core (2135.0), Bottom of Core (2156.0), Top of Sand (2135.0), Bottom of Sand (2153.9), Total Feet of Permeable Sand (1.6), and Distribution of Permeable Sand.

Table with 2 columns: Property Name and Value. Includes rows for Average Permeability Millidarcys (17.0), Average Percent Porosity (13.1), Average Percent Oil Saturation (13.0), Average Percent Water Saturation (64.0), Average Oil Content (159), Total Oil Content (255), and various recovery metrics.

A fresh water mud was used as a circulating fluid in the coring of the sand in this well. The core was sampled and sealed in tin cans by an employee of Oilfield Research Laboratories.

FORMATION CORED

The detailed log of the formation cored is as follows:

<u>Depth Interval,</u> <u>Feet</u>	<u>Description</u>
---------------------------------------	--------------------

-SQUIRREL SAND-

2135.0 - 2135.4 - Light brown, fine grained sandstone.

2135.4 - 2136.0 - Hard conglomeratic sandstone.

2136.0 - 2138.0 - Gray, fine grained sandstone.

2138.0 - 2153.9 - Gray sandstone (discarded at well)

2153.9 - 2156.0 - Shale (discarded at well)

-BARTLESVILLE SAND-

2406.0 - 2407.2 - Gray and light brown, laminated, shaly sandstone.

2407.2 - 2407.8 - Gray shale.

2407.8 - 2414.2 - Light brown, laminated, shaly sandstone.

2414.2 - 2416.6 - Gray, finely laminated sandstone and shale.

2416.6 - 2421.0 - Light brown, shaly sandstone.

2421.0 - 2424.6 - Brown, fine grained sandstone.

2424.6 - 2435.9 - Light brown, fine grained sandstone.

2435.9 - 2437.0 - Loss.

-BARTLESVILLE SAND-

Coring was started at a depth of 2406.0 feet in gray, light brown laminated, shaly sandstone and completed at 2437.0 feet. There was a core loss from 2435.9 to 2437.0 feet (total depth). This core shows

a total of 26.9 feet of sandstone. For the most part, the pay is made up of light brown, fine grained sandstone.

PERMEABILITY

For the sake of distribution, the core was divided into two sections. The weighted average permeability of the upper and lower sections is 2.7 and 15.2 millidarcys respectively; the overall average being 9.2 (See Table III). By observing the data given on the core-graph, it is noticeable that the sand has a very irregular permeability profile. The permeability of the sand varies from impermeable to a maximum of 37. millidarcys.

PERCENT SATURATION & OIL CONTENT

The sand in this core shows a fair weighted average percent oil saturation, namely, 30.0. The weighted average percent oil saturation of the upper and lower sections is 32.5 and 27.1 respectively. The weighted average percent water saturation of the upper and lower sections is 55.9 and 51.6 respectively; the overall average being 54.1 (See Table III). This gives an overall weighted average total fluid saturation of 84.1 percent.

In an effort to determine whether or not any flushing of the sand occurred during coring, all of the saturation samples were analyzed for chloride content. The results of these tests are given in Tables VI and VII. From the data given in these tables and on the coregraph, it is evident that considerable flushing of the sand did occur, especially in the lower section as the sand in this zone has a much lower chloride content.

The weighted average oil content of the upper and lower sections

is 362 and 375 barrels per acre foot respectively; the overall average being 368. The total oil content, as shown by this core, is 10,580 barrels per acre (See Table III).

LABORATORY FLOODING TESTS

When taking into consideration that the sand in the core has only a fair oil saturation, part of the samples responded very well to laboratory flooding tests, as a total recovery of 1,471 barrels of oil per acre was obtained from 16.8 feet of sand. The weighted average percent oil saturation was reduced from 30.1 to 23.6, or represents an average recovery of 6.5 percent. The weighted average effective permeability of the samples is 1.57 millidarcys, while the average initial fluid production pressure is 30.9 pounds per square inch (See Table V).

By observing the data given in Table IV, you will note that of the 30 samples tested, 19 produced water and 17 oil. This indicates that approximately 57 percent of the sand represented by these samples is floodable pay sand.

CONCLUSION

From a study of the above data, we estimate that approximately 4,335 barrels of oil per acre or an average of 258 barrels per acre foot, can be recovered from the area, represented by this core, by efficient primary and waterflood operations. Of course, any primary oil that has already been recovered would have to be subtracted from the above value. The following data and assumptions were used in calculating the above oil recovery value:

Original formation volume factor	1.22
Irreducible water saturation, percent	36.0

-5-

Primary recovery, estimated, percent	None
Present oil saturation, percent	54.0
Average porosity, percent	17.4
Oil saturation after flooding, percent	23.6
Performance factor, percent	55.0
Net floodable pay sand, feet	16.8

This core shows a rather thick sand section having a fair oil saturation, a high water saturation and low average permeability.

The chloride tests show that considerable flushing of the sand occurred during coring. This would partly account for lower oil and higher water saturations.

The core of the Squirrel sand shows that it does not contain sufficient pay to justify completion in this zone.

Oilfield Research Laboratories

RESULTS OF SATURATION & PERMEABILITY TESTS

TABLE 1-B

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Effective Porosity Percent	Percent Saturation			Oil Content Bbbls. / A Ft.	Perm., Mill.	Feet of Sand		Total Oil Content	Perm. Capacity Ft. X md.
			Oil	Water	Total			Ft.	Cum. Ft.		
20	2425.1	16.7	24	60	84	311	10.	1.0	20.6	311	10.00
21	2426.1	17.4	26	52	78	351	18.	1.0	21.6	351	18.00
22	2427.0	18.7	23	55	78	334	-	0.5	22.1	167	-
SP22	2427.2 _r	-	-	-	-	-	5.0	0.5	22.6	-	2.50
23	2428.1	17.4	25	52	77	337	15.	1.0	23.6	337	15.00
24	2429.1	16.3	32	55	87	406	3.6	1.0	24.6	405	3.60
25	2430.1	15.7	27	55	82	329	2.3	1.0	25.6	329	2.30
26	2431.1	18.8	25	57	82	365	26.	1.0	26.6	365	26.00
27	2432.1	18.7	23	53	76	334	8.2	1.0	27.6	334	8.20
28	2433.1	16.2	29	56	85	364	16.	1.0	28.6	364	16.00
29	2434.1	19.5	26	49	75	393	37.	1.0	29.6	393	37.00
30	2435.1	19.5	28	46	74	424	18.	1.3	30.9	551	23.40

Oilfield Research Laboratories

SUMMARY OF PERMEABILITY & SATURATION TESTS

TABLE III

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

Depth Interval, Feet	Feet of Core Analyzed	Average Permeability, Millidarcys	Permeability Capacity Ft. x Mfd.
-SQUIRREL SAND-			
2135.0 - 2136.6	1.6	17.0	27.16
-BARTLESVILLE SAND-			
2406.0 - 2422.6	11.9	2.7	32.04
2422.6 - 2435.9	12.8	15.2	195.10
2406.0 - 2435.9	24.7	9.2	227.14
-SQUIRREL SAND-			
2135.0 - 2136.6	1.6	13.0	159
-BARTLESVILLE SAND-			
2406.0 - 2422.6	16.0	32.5	362
2422.6 - 2435.9	12.8	27.1	375
2406.0 - 2435.9	28.8	30.0	368
			10,580
			255
			5,783
			4,797

Total Oil Content Bbl./Acre

Average Oil Content Bbl./A. Ft.

Average Percent Water Saturation

Average Percent Oil Saturation

Average Percent Porosity

Oilfield Research Laboratories

RESULTS OF LABORATORY FLOoding TESTS

TABLE IV

Company Jackson Brothers Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Effective Porosity Percent	Original Oil Saturation		Oil Recovery		Residual Saturation		Volume of Water Recovered cc ^a	Effective Permeability mD/cm ²	Initial Field Production Pressure Lbs./Sq./In.
			%	EBbls./A. Ft.	%	EBbls./A. Ft.	% Oil	% Water			
1A	2135.1	19.8	28	430	5	77	23	73	264	5.40	10
2A	2136.1	11.2	6	52	0	0	6	87	27	0.40	30
1	2406.1	11.6	25	225	0	0	25	65	0	Imp.	-
2	2407.1	13.4	31	322	0	0	31	48	0	Imp.	-
3	2408.1	12.0	18	168	0	0	18	76	5	0.20	40
4	2409.1	15.1	32	375	5	59	27	71	6	0.20	50
5	2410.1	14.3	46	514	11	122	35	54	4	0.10	50
6	2411.1	11.7	30	272	0	0	30	68	0	Imp.	-
7	2412.1	15.1	33	387	0	0	33	50	0	Imp.	-
8	2413.1	12.4	20	192	0	0	20	75	0	Imp.	-
9	2414.1	12.1	23	216	0	0	23	70	0	Imp.	-
10	2415.1	11.8	22	202	0	0	22	75	0	Imp.	-
11	2416.1	13.3	33	341	0	0	33	65	0	Imp.	-
12	2417.1	12.4	26	250	0	0	26	72	8	0.30	50
13	2418.1	18.6	33	476	8	115	25	72	10	0.30	50
14	2419.1	16.5	48	615	17	218	31	67	23	0.50	30
15	2420.1	14.8	21	241	0	0	21	64	0	Imp.	-
16	2421.1	15.8	38	466	0	0	38	56	0	Imp.	-
17	2422.1	15.3	43	510	0	0	43	53	0	Imp.	-
18	2423.1	18.0	32	447	8	112	24	67	25	0.60	40
19	2424.1	18.4	30	428	7	100	23	69	80	1.50	20
20	2425.1	16.0	24	298	1	12	23	73	30	0.60	30

Notes: cc—cubic centimeter.

^a—Volume of water recovered at the time of maximum oil recovery.

^b—Determined by passing water through sample which still contains residual oil.

Oilfield Research Laboratories

RESULTS OF LABORATORY FLOODING TESTS

TABLE IV

Company: Jackson Brothers Lease: Jackson Heirs Well No.: 16

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Effective Porosity Percent	Original Oil Saturation		Oil Recovery		Residual Saturation		Volume of Water Recovered cc ^a	Effective Permeability mD-inches ² /ft	Initial Fluid Production Pressure Lbs./Sq./In.
			%	EBbls./A. Ft.	%	EBbls./A. Ft.	% Oil	% Water			
21	2426.1	17.6	26	355	5	68	21	77	80	1.60	20
22	2427.0	18.7	23	334	5	73 ^b	18	75	256	8.10	20
23	2428.1	17.1	25	332	4	53	21	68	137	2.80	20
24	2429.1	16.3	32	406	8	102	24	68	11	0.20	50
25	2430.1	16.0	27	335	3	37	24	74	23	0.50	30
26	2431.1 ^c	18.7	25	363	5	73	20	77	104	2.40	20
27	2432.1	19.0	23	339	3	44	20	76	85	1.80	20
28	2433.1	16.7	29	376	6	78	23	71	72	1.80	20
29	2434.1	20.0	26	403	8	124	18	81	240	5.40	20
30	2435.1	19.5	28	424	6	91	22	75	72	1.60	30

Notes: cc—cubic centimeter.

^a—Volume of water recovered at the time of maximum oil recovery.

^c—Determined by passing water through sample which still contains residual oil.

Oilfield Research Laboratories
RESULTS OF WATER DIFFERENTIATION TESTS

TABLE VI

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Chloride Content of Brine in Sand ppm	Percent Water Saturation Connate Drilling & Foreign	Total
		<u>-SQUIRREL SAND-</u>		
1A	2135.1	6,120		
2A	2136.1	217,000		
		<u>-BARTLESVILLE SAND-</u>		
1	2406.1	146,450		
2	2407.1	135,800		
3	2408.1	92,500		
4	2409.1	95,800		
5	2410.1	106,300		
6	2411.1	105,600		
7	2412.1	108,800		
8	2413.1	105,200		
9	2414.1	87,850		
10	2415.1	104,300		
11	2416.1	97,000		
12	2417.1	92,500		
13	2418.1	95,950		
14	2419.1	87,900		
15	2420.1	104,000		
16	2421.1	100,000		
17	2422.1	109,900		
18	2423.1	68,650		
19	2424.1	33,150		
20	2425.1	73,200		
21	2426.1	19,525		
22	2427.0	11,200		
23	2428.1	12,950		
24	2429.1	92,775		
25	2430.1	64,600		
26	2431.1	7,090		
27	2432.1	23,200		
28	2433.1	70,450		
29	2434.1	32,150		
30	2435.1	42,750		

Note: ppm — parts per million

Oilfield Research Laboratories

SUMMARY OF WATER DIFFERENTIATION TESTS

TABLE VII

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Jackson Heirs Well No. 16

<u>Depth Interval, Feet</u>	<u>Chloride Content of Brine in Sand, ppm</u>	<u>Average Percent Connate Water</u>	<u>Average Percent Drilling & Foreign Water</u>
---------------------------------	---	--	---

-SQUIRREL SAND-

2135.0 - 2136.6	164,217		
-----------------	---------	--	--

-BARTLESVILLE SAND-

2406.0 - 2422.6	103,264		
-----------------	---------	--	--

2422.6 - 2435.9	43,667		
-----------------	--------	--	--

2406.0 - 2435.9	76,777		
-----------------	--------	--	--

Note: ppm -- parts per million.