

Oilfield Research Laboratories

GENERAL INFORMATION & SUMMARY

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Hendrickson Well No. 3

Location NE SW NE

Section 17 Twp. 25S Rge. 9E County Greenwood State Kansas

Table with 2 columns: Property Name and Value. Rows include Name of Sand (Bartlesville), Top of Core (2317.0), Bottom of Core (2371.5), Top of Sand (2327.0), Bottom of Sand (2370.2), Total Feet of Permeable Sand (33.2), and Total Feet of Floodable Sand (8.0).

Distribution of Permeable Sand: Permeability Range Millidarcys

Table with 3 columns: Permeability Range (Millidarcys), Feet, and Cum. Ft. Rows show ranges from 0-1 to 10 & above with corresponding values.

Table with 2 columns: Property Name and Value. Rows include Average Permeability Millidarcys (3.4), Average Percent Porosity (15.4), Average Percent Oil Saturation (15.8), Average Percent Water Saturation (64.1), Average Oil Content, Bbls./A. Ft. (190), Total Oil Content, Bbls./Acre (7,459), Average Percent Oil Recovery by Laboratory Flooding Tests (3.0), Average Oil Recovery by Laboratory Flooding Tests, Bbls./A. Ft. (37), Total Oil Recovery by Laboratory Flooding Tests, Bbls./Acre (295), Total Calculated Oil Recovery, Bbls./Acre (Primary & Secondary) (1,490), Packer Setting, Feet, Viscosity, Centipoises @, A. P. I. Gravity, degrees @ 60 °F, and Elevation, Feet.

Fresh water mud was used as the circulating fluid while taking this core. The core was sampled and the samples sealed in cans by a representative of Oilfield Research Laboratories. The well was drilled in virgin territory.

FORMATION CORED

The detailed log of the formation cored is as follows:

<u>Depth Interval, Feet</u>	<u>Description</u>
2317.0 - 2327.0	Gray sandy shale.
2327.0 - 2331.5	Grayish light brown, shaly sandstone.
2331.5 - 2335.4	Gray, calcareous, shaly sandstone.
2335.4 - 2355.6	Grayish light brown, shaly sandstone.
2355.6 - 2368.6	Light brown, shaly sandstone.
2368.6 - 2370.2	Gray shaly sandstone.
2370.2 - 2370.7	Shale.
2370.7 - 2370.9	Coal.
2370.9 - 2371.5	Gray shaly sandstone.

Coring was started at a depth of 2317.0 feet in sandy shale and completed at 2371.5 feet in shaly sandstone. This core shows a total of 39.3 feet of sandstone. For the most part, the pay is made up of light brown, shaly sandstone.

PERMEABILITY

For the sake of distribution, the core was divided into two sections. The weighted average permeability of the upper and lower sections is 0.96 and 4.8 millidarcys respectively; the overall average being 3.4 (See Table III). By observing the data given on the coregraph, it is

noticeable that the sand has an irregular permeability profile. The permeability of the sand varies from impermeable to a maximum of 14. millidarcys.

PERCENT SATURATION & OIL CONTENT

The sand in this core shows a low weighted average percent oil saturation, namely, 15.8. The weighted average percent oil saturation of the upper and lower sections is 14.8 and 16.7 respectively. The weighted average percent water saturation of the upper and lower sections is 69.6 and 60.0 respectively; the overall average being 64.1 (See Table III). This gives an overall weighted average total fluid saturation of 79.9 percent. This low total fluid saturation indicates considerable fluid was lost during coring most of which was probably oil.

In an effort to determine whether or not any flushing of the sand occurred during coring, all of the saturation samples were analyzed for chloride content. The results of these tests are given in Tables VI and VII. From the data given in these tables and on the coregraph, it is evident that some flushing did occur since the zones of higher permeability show the lower chloride content.

The weighted average oil content of the upper and lower sections is 172 and 203 barrels per acre foot respectively; the overall average being 190. The total oil content, as shown by this core, is 7,459 barrels per acre of which 2,060 barrels are in the pay sand section (See Table III).

LABORATORY FLOODING TESTS

The sand in this core responded to laboratory flooding tests, as a total recovery of 295 barrels of oil per acre was obtained from 8.0

feet of sand. The weighted average percent oil saturation was reduced from 21.0 to 18.0, or represents an average recovery of 3.0 percent. The weighted average effective permeability of the samples is 0.225 millidarcys, while the average initial fluid production pressure is 48.8 pounds per square inch (See Table V).

By observing the data given in Table IV, you will note that of the 39 samples tested, 21 produced water and 8 oil. This indicates that approximately 21 percent of the sand represented by these samples is floodable pay sand. The tests also show that the sand has a fairly uniform effective permeability to water.

CONCLUSION

The results of the laboratory tests indicate that efficient primary and secondary operations in the vicinity of this well should recover approximately 1,490 barrels of oil per acre or an average of 186 barrels per acre foot from the 8.0 feet of floodable pay sand analyzed in this core. The recovery values were calculated using the following data and assumptions:

Original formation volume factor	1.22
Reservoir water saturation, percent	45.0
Average porosity, percent	15.8
Oil saturation after flooding, percent	18.0
Performance factor, percent	50.0
Net floodable pay sand, feet	8.0

This core indicates a reservoir having a good oil saturation, a moderate water saturation and fairly uniform effective permeability to water.

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SUMMARY OF PERMEABILITY & SATURATION TESTS

TABLE III

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Hendrickson Well No. 3

Depth Interval, Feet	Feet of Core Analyzed	Average Permeability, Millidarcys	Permeability Capacity Ft. x Md.
2327.0 - 2347.6	11.6	0.96	11.10
2347.6 - 2370.2	21.6	4.8	102.64
2327.0 - 2370.2	33.2	3.4	113.74

Depth Interval, Feet	Feet of Core Analyzed	Average Percent Porosity	Average Percent Oil Saturation	Average Percent Water Saturation	Average Oil Content Bbl./A. Ft.	Total Oil Content Bbls./Acre
2327.0 - 2347.6	16.7	14.8	14.8	69.6	172	2,869
2347.6 - 2370.2	22.6	15.7	16.7	60.0	203	4,590
2327.0 - 2370.2	39.3	15.4	15.8	64.1	190	7,459

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RESULTS OF WATER DIFFERENTIATION TESTS

TABLE VI

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Hendrickson Well No. 3

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Chloride Content of Brine in Sand ppm	Percent Water Saturation		
			Connate	Drilling & Foreign	Total
1	2327.1	99,200			
2	2328.1	115,300			
3	2329.1	101,100			
4	2330.1	105,800			
5	2331.1	114,250			
6	2336.1	84,400			
7	2337.1	95,400			
8	2338.1	88,600			
9	2339.1	106,000			
10	2340.1	98,600			
11	2341.1	98,300			
12	2342.1	110,000			
13	2343.1	102,750			
14	2344.1	122,300			
15	2345.1	118,900			
16	2346.1	114,250			
17	2347.1	90,000			
18	2348.1	99,000			
19	2349.1	120,025			
20	2350.1	96,700			
21	2351.1	105,700			
22	2352.1	94,800			
23	2353.1	104,000			
24	2354.1	106,200			
25	2355.1	98,200			
26	2356.1	122,000			
27	2357.1	93,000			
28	2358.1	107,200			
29	2359.1	101,250			
30	2360.1	89,800			
31	2361.1	88,800			
32	2362.1	101,200			
33	2363.1	106,100			
34	2364.1	111,550			
35	2365.1	99,200			
36	2366.1	105,300			
37	2367.1	102,350			
38	2368.1	102,750			
39	2369.1	89,650			

Note: ppm — parts per million

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RECORDS OF LABORATORY PROCEEDINGS

TABLE IV

Jackson Bros.

Hendrickson

3

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Recovery Efficiency, %	Original Oil Content		Oil Recovery		Residual Content			Volume of Water Recovered, %	Impurities Recovered	Total Solids Recovered
			S	ML/A.F.T.	S	ML/A.F.T.	S	S	ML/A.F.T.			
1	Δ2327.1	12.5	11	107	0	0	11	81	107	0	Imp.	-
2	Δ2328.1	16.1	32	399	0	0	32	49	399	0	Imp.	-
3	Δ2329.1	16.1	22	274	0	0	22	58	274	0	Imp.	-
4	Δ2330.1	14.5	7	79	0	0	7	78	79	0	Imp.	-
5	Δ2331.1	13.0	18	181	0	0	18	72	181	0	Imp.	-
6	Δ2336.1	14.7	12	137	0	0	12	59	137	0	Imp.	-
7	Δ2337.1	15.6	22	266	0	0	22	56	266	0	Imp.	-
8	Δ2338.1	14.4	7	78	0	0	7	83	78	0	Imp.	-
9	Δ2339.1	15.6	14	169	0	0	14	62	169	0	Imp.	-
10	Δ2340.1	15.4	17	203	0	0	17	60	203	0	Imp.	-
11	Δ2341.1	14.7	6	68	0	0	6	90	68	0	Imp.	-
12	Δ2342.1	14.7	22	251	0	0	22	73	251	0	Imp.	-
13	Δ2343.1	14.6	11	125	0	0	11	80	125	0	Imp.	-
14	Δ2344.1	14.6	14	158	0	0	14	80	158	0	Imp.	-
15	Δ2345.1	15.5	17	204	0	0	17	80	204	2	0.100	50
16	+ 2346.1	14.2	14	154	0	0	14	73	154	0	Imp.	-
17	Δ2347.1	14.3	20	222	0	0	20	76	222	0	Imp.	-
18	Δ2348.1	15.8	27	331	7	86	20	78	245	7	0.200	50
19	Δ2349.1	15.6	25	302	6	73	19	69	229	2	0.100	50
20	Δ2350.1	16.3	19	240	2	25	17	71	215	5	0.200	50
21	Δ2351.1	16.0	21	261	2	25	19	69	236	2	0.100	50
22	□2352.1	16.2	19	238	2	25	17	74	213	13	0.300	50
23	□2353.1	15.0	17	198	0	0	17	79	198	5	0.200	50
24	Δ2354.1	14.5	13	146	0	0	13	62	146	0	Imp.	-

Note: Co-occur estimates.

*—Volume of water recovered at the time of maximum oil recovery.

**—Determined by passing water through sample which still contains residual oil.

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METHODS OF LABORATORY FLOoding TESTS

TABLE IV

Jackson Bros.

Hendrickson

3

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Interval, Feet	Original Oil Column		Core Recovery		Residual Oil Column			Volume of Water Recovered, cc ^a	Residual Oil Column, cc ^b	Residual Oil Column, % of Original
			S	Oil/Air	S	Oil/Air	S	S Water	Oil/Air			
25	▲ 2355.1	16.2	19	238	2	25	17	74	213	10	0.300	50
26	△ 2356.1	14.1	19	208	1	11	18	77	197	9	0.300	50
27	△ 2357.1	15.6	15	181	0	0	15	79	181	10	0.300	50
28	△ 2358.1	16.4	19	242	2	25	17	73	217	11	0.300	50
29	□ 2359.1	16.5	13	166	0	0	13	79	166	11	0.300	50
30	□ 2360.1	16.2	13	163	0	0	13	79	163	16	0.400	40
31	□ 2361.1	16.2	9	113	0	0	9	82	113	8	0.200	50
32	△ 2362.1	15.5	12	144	0	0	12	85	144	8	0.300	50
33	△ 2363.1	16.0	18	223	0	0	18	81	223	15	0.300	40
34	△ 2364.1	16.9	15	196	0	0	15	77	196	11	0.300	50
35	△ 2365.1	16.9	22	288	0	0	22	73	288	19	0.400	40
36	□ 2366.1	15.3	20	238	0	0	20	76	238	7	0.200	50
37	○ 2367.1	15.0	17	198	0	0	17	63	198	0	Imp.	-
38	△ 2368.1	16.3	11	139	0	0	11	79	139	13	0.300	40
39	□ 2369.1	16.5	17	217	0	0	17	79	217	16	0.400	40

Notes: ^a-Core's estimate.

^b-Volume of water recovered at the time of maximum oil recovery.

^c-Determined by passing water through sample which still contains residual oil.

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RESULTS OF SATURATION & PERMEABILITY TESTS

TABLE 1-B

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Hendrickson Well No. 3

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Effective Porosity Percent	Percent Saturation			Oil Content Bbls. / A Ft.	Perm., Mill.	Feet of Sand		Total Oil Content	Perm. Capacity Ft. X md.
			Oil	Water	Total			Ft.	Cum. Ft.		
1	2327.1	12.3	10	80	90	95	0.57	0.6	0.6	57	0.34
2	2328.1	16.2	32	47	79	402	3.9 <i>check</i>	1.0	1.6	402	3.80
3	2329.1	15.8	20	57	77	245	0.75	1.0	2.6	245	0.75
4	2330.1	14.6	7	77	84	79	0.52	1.0	3.6	79	0.52
5	2331.1	13.0	18	70	88	181	Imp.	0.9	4.5	163	0.00
6	2336.1	14.9	11	58	69	127	Imp.	1.2	5.7	152	0.00
7	2337.1	15.6	22	57	79	266	2.4	1.0	6.7	266	2.40
8	2338.1	14.2	5	82	87	55	0.42	1.0	7.7	55	0.42
9	2339.1	15.5	12	62	74	144	0.25	1.0	8.7	144	0.25
10	2340.1	15.3	15	61	76	178	0.69	1.0	9.7	178	0.69
11	2341.1	14.5	3	92	95	34	0.81	1.0	10.7	34	0.81
12	2342.1	14.6	21	72	93	238	Imp.	1.0	11.7	238	0.00
13	2343.1	14.7	11	79	90	125	Imp.	1.0	12.7	125	0.00
14	2344.1	14.6	15	78	93	170	0.28	1.0	13.7	170	0.28
15	2345.1	15.7	16	71	87	195	0.51	1.0	14.7	195	0.51
16	2346.1	14.4	14	73	87	157	Imp.	1.0	15.7	157	0.00
17	2347.1	14.2	19	74	93	209	0.33	1.0	16.7	209	0.33
18	2348.1	15.6	27	71	98	327	0.87	1.0	17.7	327	0.87
19	2349.1	15.2	25	51	76	295	0.71	1.0	18.7	295	0.71
20	2350.1	16.3	19	54	73	240	3.1 - <i>check</i>	1.0	19.7	240	3.10
21	2351.1	16.2	21	65	86	264	3.3 - <i>check</i>	1.0	20.7	264	3.30
22	2352.1	16.2	18	54	72	226	6.2 - <i>check</i>	1.0	21.7	226	6.20
23	2353.1	14.6	17	71	88	192	3.5 - <i>check</i>	1.0	22.7	192	3.50
24	2354.1	14.3	14	62	76	155	1.8	1.0	23.7	155	1.80

adjustment of 10 to 100 + the content

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RESULTS OF SATURATION & PERMEABILITY TESTS

TABLE I-3

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Hendrickson Well No. 3

Sample No.	Depth, Feet	Effective Porosity Percent	Percent Saturation			Oil Content Bbls. / A Ft.	Perm., Mill.	Feet of Sand		Total Oil Content	Perm. Capacity Ft. X md.
			Oil	Water	Total			Feet	Cum. Ft.		
25	2355.1	16.6	19	54	73	245	2.0	1.0	24.7	245	2.00
26	2356.1	13.7	19	55	74	202	2.0	1.0	25.7	202	2.00
27	2357.1	15.1	13	60	73	152	7.5	1.0	26.7	152	7.50
28	2358.1	16.1	19	53	72	237	6.6	1.0	27.7	237	6.60
29	2359.1	16.8	12	56	68	156	5.9	1.0	28.7	156	5.90
30	2360.1	16.2	10	58	68	126	14	1.0	29.7	126	14.00
31	2361.1	15.9	9	62	71	111	8.8	1.0	30.7	111	8.80
32	2362.1	15.1	11	52	63	129	2.4	1.0	31.7	129	2.40
33	2363.1	15.5	18	51	69	217	8.8	1.0	32.7	217	8.80
34	2364.1	16.8	13	53	66	169	9.3	1.0	33.7	169	9.30
35	2365.1	16.7	21	55	76	272	4.1	1.0	34.7	272	4.10
36	2366.1	15.3	18	60	78	214	6.0	1.0	35.7	214	6.00
37	2367.1	15.4	16	61	77	191	Imp.	1.0	36.7	191	0.00
38	2368.1	16.0	10	76	86	124	0.96	1.0	37.7	124	0.96
39	2369.1	16.4	17	76	93	216	3.0	1.6	39.3	346	4.80
								Total	-----	7,459	

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SUMMARY OF WATER DIFFERENTIATION TESTS

TABLE VII

Company Jackson Bros. Lease Hendrickson Well No. 3

<u>Depth Interval, Feet</u>	<u>Chloride Content of Brine in Sand, ppm</u>	<u>Average Percent Connate Water</u>	<u>Average Percent Drilling & Foreign Water</u>
2327.0 - 2347.6	103,850		
2347.6 - 2370.2	101,700		
2327.0 - 2370.2	102,500		

Note: ppm — parts per million.

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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY FLOODING TESTS

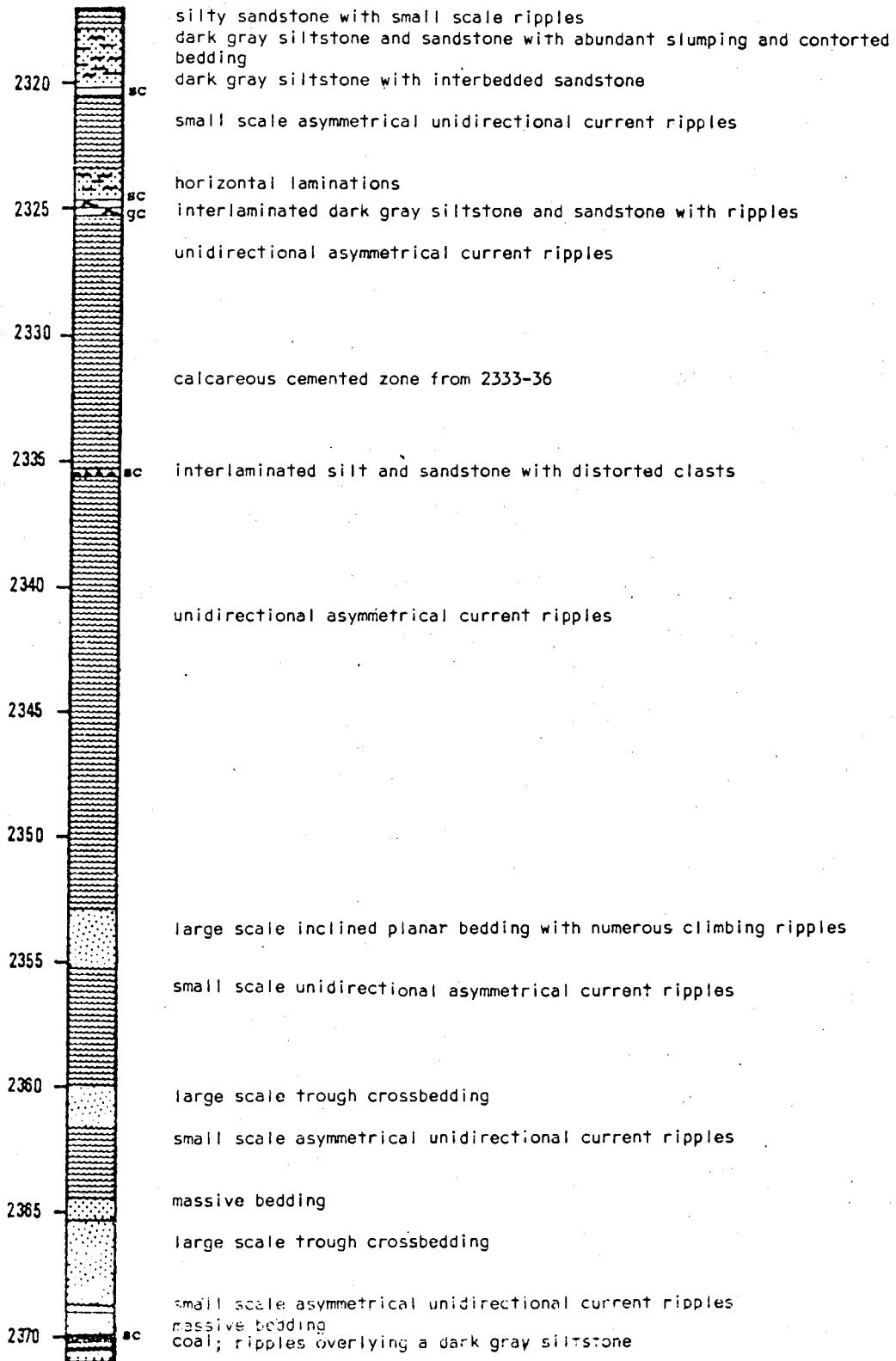
TABLE V

Company	Jackson Bros.	Lease	Hendrickson	Well No.	3
Depth Interval, Feet	2327.0 - 2370.2				
Feet of Core Analyzed	8.0				
Average Percent Porosity	15.8				
Average Percent Original Oil Saturation	21.0				
Average Percent Oil Recovery	3.0				
Average Percent Residual Oil Saturation	18.0				
Average Percent Residual Water Saturation	73.1				
Average Percent Total Residual Fluid Saturation	91.1				
Average Original Oil Content, Bbls./A. Ft.	257.				
Average Oil Recovery, Bbls./A. Ft.	37.				
Average Residual Oil Content, Bbls./A. Ft.	220.				
Total Original Oil Content, Bbls./Acre	2,060.				
Total Oil Recovery, Bbls./Acre	295.				
Total Residual Oil Content, Bbls./Acre	1,765.				
Average Effective Permeability, Millidarcys	0.225				
Average Initial Fluid Production Pressure, p.s.i.	48.8				

NOTE: Only those samples which recovered oil were used in calculating the above averages.

JACKSON BROS. HENDRICKSON NO.3

17-25S-9E



must take picture of complete core + pieces

2317

vs. graded ss w ripple laminated degry siltstone wisps, also areas of interlaminated silt + ss wisps

2318

continuous

degry siltstone w contorted ss clings probably reflecting mixing + hydroplastic movement. Fe concentrations also contorted ss wisps

2319

abundant contorted bedding - over conpartions slump? also loading of ss - burrowing minor if present at all

relative amt of silt vs ss due to flow velocity increase or decrease

Sharp

2320

irregularly bedded silt stringers generally discontinuous extremely small scale - looks similar to number of little interference ripples

low down sharp

2321

degry siltstone + inter laminated ss - very fine x-laminations then contorted bedding

ss w faint horizontal slightly curved up - slight increase in flow? ss w small-scale asymmetrical ripples ripples are out lined better at the base whichever amts of silt + Fe coated grains

seems to be continuous

2322

higher degree of silt laminae

2323

almost graded like bedding in low + inclined laminae base of progressively ripple zone generally a massive sandstone w faint horizontal laminae - faint silt horizontal laminae look like maybe very low plane bed top part. I w f ad by abundant salt

2324

sharp

interlaminated ss + silt displaying large scale ripple - areas of Fe coated grains gradually decreasing into a sandstone w shale wisps exhibiting ripple laminations all the way to very faint ripples

2325

similar to all the interlaminated silts w local concentrations of Fe content - generally ripple w abundant contorted bedding no evidence of burrowing - ss clings or laminae show ripple bedding - unidirectional flow, more like an upper pt. less deposit of distal splay not tidal flat

2326

gradational fining up

2327

Small scale asymmetrical nonaxial unidirectional small

Very varying amt of salt only by
mud fill forms dips to variations
in flow velocity

2328

2329

2330

Same type of ripples as above
w/ higher degree of silt laminae
also there are numerous erosional
contacts between sets 30-31 (not lamin
faint)

2331

2332

calcareous zone

2333

erosional
??

2334

alga ripple laminated zone
but with a higher degree of Fe
coated grains & seems to be
interspersed w/ hor laminae
Fe nodules

2335

small scale asymmetrical prograding
ripples

2336

erosional
???

horizontally laminated silt & carb material
(w/ Fe nodules & compacted? rip up clast
also graded bedded with right above
← correlation to 2346

2337

2338

erosional ??

2339

variations in silt may just be due to occasional variations in flow discharge

2340

difficult to tell really if sedimentary scale fines upward (not the same abundance of silt as unit below) occasional clasts are present

2341

erosional ??
slow surface

SS seem to be coarser & contains less silt also deformed erosional clasts

concentration of pyrite w/ siderite halo

2342

Small scale asymmetrical ripples from 2341b-6" to 2346 contain high conc. of silt (silty ss) + interspersed graded bedded units protruding ripples

2343

2344

2345

2346

erosional

horizontal or low inclined bedding, phos. continuous pervasively bedded units
contacted laminated with grey siltstone of sand stone class (probably locally Fe concentrated or banded) bedded bedding due to slumping

2347

erosional

2348

small scale ripple laminations w/ decreasing amt. of silt as depth increases may be climbing ripple sequence

fining
up
sequence
2350

2357

2352

& helical
contouring
maybe associated
though

2353 X

may
be part
of same
sequence

2354

2355

2356

2357

2358

2359

but no decrease
real decrease
in grain size
Siderite
structures
near

ripple forms
look smaller?

large scale low to medium
inclined bedding
outlined by silt wraps
w/ Fe zones w/ smaller like
ripple forms in beds

very well outlined larger medium
inclined beds planar may be
sand wave deposition - may represent
variations in flow conditions probably
not flood stage

Vt subangular ss w/ Fe + carb + silt
concentrated in laminae outline of
bed form - may be due to non-equil.

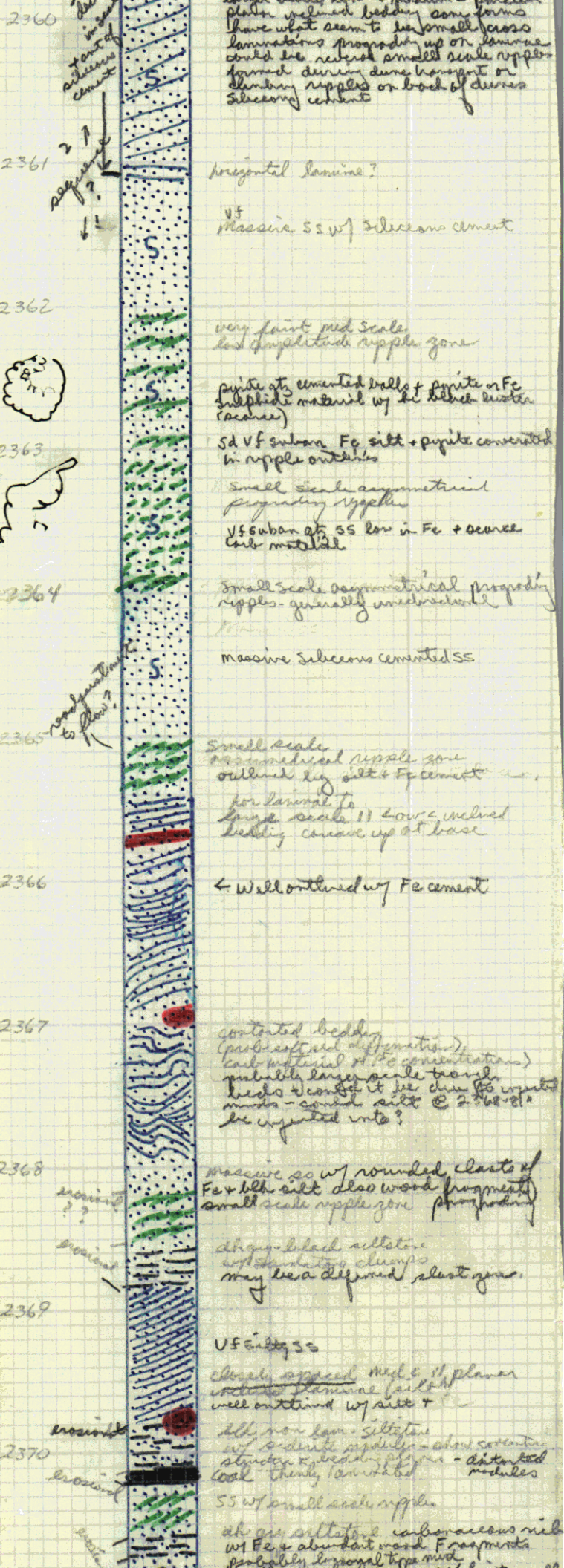
ripples on top of med - inclined
bedding?? - ripples - asymmetrical
prograding - seem to be interbedded
by larger scale forms - may represent
adjustment to decrease in flow velocity
from dunes to ripples

larger scale inclined bedding
becomes more wavy & seem
to go into a faint ripple zone
as depth increases

small scale asymmetrical
ripples - unidirectional prograding
relatively well outlined w/
silt + Fe

may actually be smaller trough
sets than 2360-61 - give appearance
of ripple prograding zone numerous
ipsidial scours

large scale low to medium



2360
 in siliceous cement

plates inclined bedding some forms have what seem to be small cross laminations probably up on laminae could be related small scale ripples formed during dune transport or slanting ripples on back of dunes
 Siliceous cement

2361
 ripples

horizontal laminae?

Massive ss w/ siliceous cement

2362

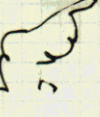
very faint red scale
 low amplitude ripple zone



pyrite at cemented balls + pyrite or Fe sulphide material w/ Fe siliceous cement (acetic)

2363

sd v/s suban Fe silt + pyrite concentrated in ripple outlines



small scale asymmetrical prograding ripples

v/s suban at ss low in Fe + scarce carb material

2364

small scale asymmetrical prograding ripples - generally unimodal

2365
 ripples to flow?

massive siliceous cemented ss

2365

small scale asymmetrical ripple zone outlined by silt + Fe cement
 for laminae to large scale // low c. inclined bedding concave up at base

2366

Well outlined by Fe cement

2367

contorted bedding (probably soft and deformation)
 carb material at the concentrations probably larger scale trough beds + could it be due to injected muds - could silt @ 2368-2370 be injected into?

2368

massive ss w/ rounded clasts of Fe rich silt also wood fragments
 small scale ripple zone prograding

erosion
 erosion

dk grey-black siltstone w/ abundant clumps may be a deformed silt zone

2369

v/s silt ss

closely spaced med c. sl. planar wavy laminae (silt)
 well outlined w/ silt +

2370

dk non lam. siltstone w/ siltstone nodules - above siltstone structure & bedding planar - distorted nodules
 coal thinly laminated

erosion
 erosion

ss w/ small scale ripple

dk grey siltstone carbonaceous w/ Fe + abundant wood fragments probably longitudinal type mud

2371

Q



pyrite

1/5 silty greenish gray faint small
scale protruding stippled

Generally the entire core seems to
have varying amounts of silica cement