

302-79-21

TORP

Memo

Post-It® Fax Note	7671	Date	4/1/97	# of pages	1
To	Tim Carr	From	Rodney Reynolds		
Co./Dept	KGS	Co.	TORP		
Phone #	cc: Paul G + Saibal	Phone #	4-4491		
Fax #	4-5317	Fax #	4-4967		

To: Paul Willhite
 Don Green
 Shapour Vossoughi

From: Rodney Reynolds

CC: Tim Carr
 Paul Gerlach
 Saibal Bhattacharya

Date: April 1, 1997

Re: Wellbore flowing pressures in the Schaben Field

I am in receipt of a copy of the recent fluid level data acquired by Ritchie Exploration on the wells they operate in the Schaben Field. From my experience as a production engineer, I am familiar with how this data is acquired, the instruments used to acquire this data, the accuracy limitations associated with these instruments, and how to interpret the data. My evaluation of the data indicates that of the 23 wells on which data was received, 15 of the wells are operating in a pumped off condition. This is the general practice of the oil industry, especially when dealing with marginal production. However, occasionally situations dictate that backpressure be held against the formation in wells that have high productivity, produce excessive amounts of water, to assist in reducing lifting costs, or in some instances may assist in maintaining some percentage in oil cut. I also spoke with Danny Biggs (production superintendent) and Jack Gurley (petroleum engineer) for Pickrell Drilling Company, concerning fluid levels on their wells. They indicated that they have not recently shot fluid levels, but in general they try to pump the wells off, however they have a few large water producers they cannot pump off. They said its time to shoot fluid levels and they will supply a copy of the results to me.

I have also compared the recently acquired fluid level data to the fluid level information acquired from the historic information contained in the well files, on which TORP based the model and simulation. The recent data correlates with the data we used, with 2 exceptions. The recent data indicates the Moore B-6 is carrying approx. 200' fluid above the perforations and the well files indicated it to be pumped off and the Moore D-4 which Ritchie field personnel indicated to me had "a lot of fluid in the hole" and the recent data indicates it is pumped off.

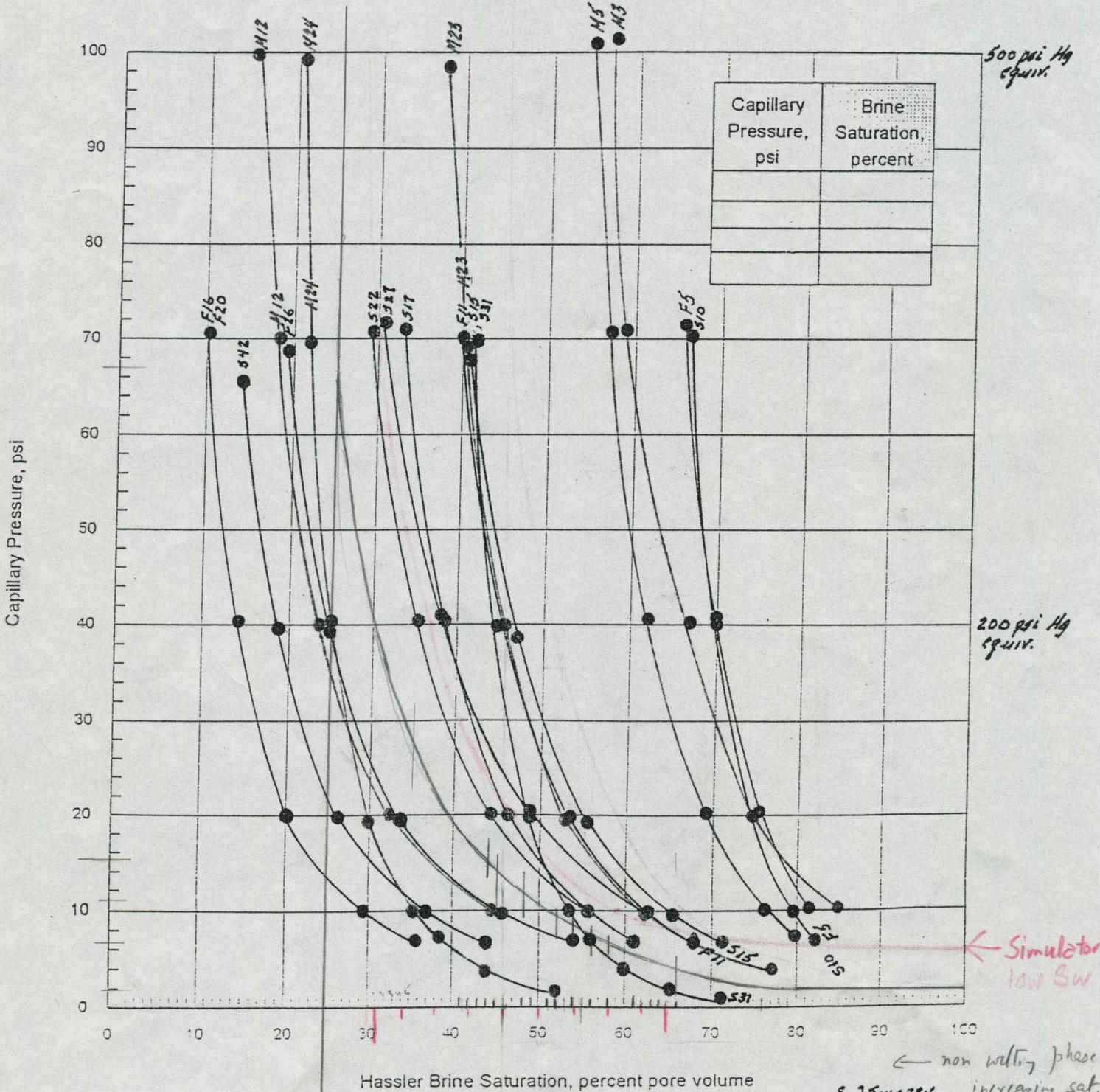
CENTRIFUGE CAPILLARY PRESSURE

Air Displacing Brine System
Ambient Conditions

$c(60) = 0.3608 P_c(10^6)$

Well: Ritchie
Field: Schaben
Location: Ness County, Kansas

Sample ID:
Depth, ft.:
Permeability to Air, md:
Porosity, percent:



S 25CHABRN
F 1 F003
M 4 M0026

← non wetting phase increasing sat.

← Simulator low SW

200 psi Hg equiv.

500 psi Hg equiv.

15-135

30-19-21
25-19-22

Total disso
solids

Name	Interval		Vis. cp	Oil gr.	B= FVF	K md	Phi	C vol/vol/psi*10^6	Skin	Final pr.	Temp F	Water	Chlorides	Sulfates	Calcium	Magnesium	Kh/Vis.
	To	From										Sp gr.					
Moore B5	4395	4405	3		1.2		0.15	10	6.87	1375	118						
15-135-30062	4385	4395	3		1.2	30	0.15	10	5.41	1382	118						
Moore B1	4430	4440										1.029	25800	2500	2140	300	
15-135-29044	4313	4325		39 @ 60							119						
	4380	4396									116						
	4330	4396									116						
	4396	4410	2.5	42.6	1.2	115	0.15	12	-3.96	665	120						
	4410	4420	2.5		1.2	13.65	0.15	10	2.02	1397	119						
	4420	4430	2.5		1.2	87	0.15	12	-2.91	1413	120						
	4430	4440									118						
Moore B4	4402	4412	3		1.2	11.45	0.15	10	0.353	1273	118						
15-135	4412	4422	3		1.2	216	0.15	10	20.8	1377	120						
30042	4393	4402									118						
Moore B6	4415	4427									112						
15-135	4427	4437									112						
19004	4437	4447		39 @ 60							118						
Moore C2	Prod. Int				38												
19003	4304	4319									110						
Moore C3	DST 7																21.75
21024	DST 6					3.45											9.19
Moore D1	4392		28 @ 77F										25000				
30047	4366	4383	3		1.2	1.17	0.15	10	0.727	1405	100						
	4383	4398	3	40.5-60	1.2	28	0.17	10	2.49	1377	100						
	4398	4410	3		1.2	13.8	0.13	10	3.195	1407	100						
Moore D2	4365	4386	2.5		1.2			10	0.5	1340	116						
30023	4386	4393									118						
Moore D3	4400	4410									119						
30030	4381	4388									118						
	4388	4400	3		1.15	21.1	0.15	10	8.08	1383	119						
	4400	4410	3		1.15	100	0.15	10	11.65	1372	119						
Moore D4	4408	4418									112						
	4418	4428		36							112						
	4428	4436		38							112						
Foos A2	4409	4414		36 @ 60							115	1.035	29200	3250	2000	250	
30025	4401	4409									115						
Humburg A2												1.04	29201	5000	1222	793	
19015	4391	4401	3		1.2	17.3	0.15	10	0.695	1370	110						
	4401	4411	3		1.2	20.4	0.15	10		1275	112						
	4295	4310									110						
Borger A1	4405	4422		38 @ 60							115						
19012	4308	4323									115						
Borger A2	4398	4410	3		1.2		0.15	10	0.435	1389							
30004	4389	4398	3		1.2	9.6	0.15	10	1.7	1456	100						
	4369	4378									100						

= 30740

25000

↓
Avg.
1.035

15-135-23898
31-19-21W

NMR DATA SUMMARY

Well: Ritchie 1 Foos AP Twin

100 % Saturated Sample Data

Sample ID	5	11	16	20	26
Regularized Fluid Filled Porosity, %	8.05	18.51	22.86	23.67	18.54
MRIL Fluid Filled Porosity, %	7.09	18.65	22.69	23.47	18.49
"Free" Water Saturation, % Vp	46.8	61.9	86.7	83.6	79.2
"Free" Average T ₂ , ms	212.6	231.	176.2	190.4	169.63
"Bound" Water Saturation, %Vp	53.2	38.1	13.3	16.4	20.8
"Bound" Average T ₂ , ms	14.64	22.44	18.46	19.15	17.2
Calculated Permeability, md	.2	32.	1119.00	794.	170.

Desaturated Sample Data (Original) (70 psi)

Regularized Fluid Filled Porosity, %	5.51	8.99	4.89	5.83	6.80
MRIL Fluid Filled Porosity, %	5.30	9.21	4.95	5.88	6.68
"Free" Water Saturation, % Vp	41.10	71.80	63.20	66.50	69.20
"Free" Average T ₂ , ms	50.01	49.24	36.88	32.06	39.80
"Bound" Water Saturation, %Vp	59.10	28.20	36.80	33.50	30.80
"Bound" Average T ₂ , ms	5.99	8.55	7.13	6.91	7.58

Desaturated Sample Data (100 psi)

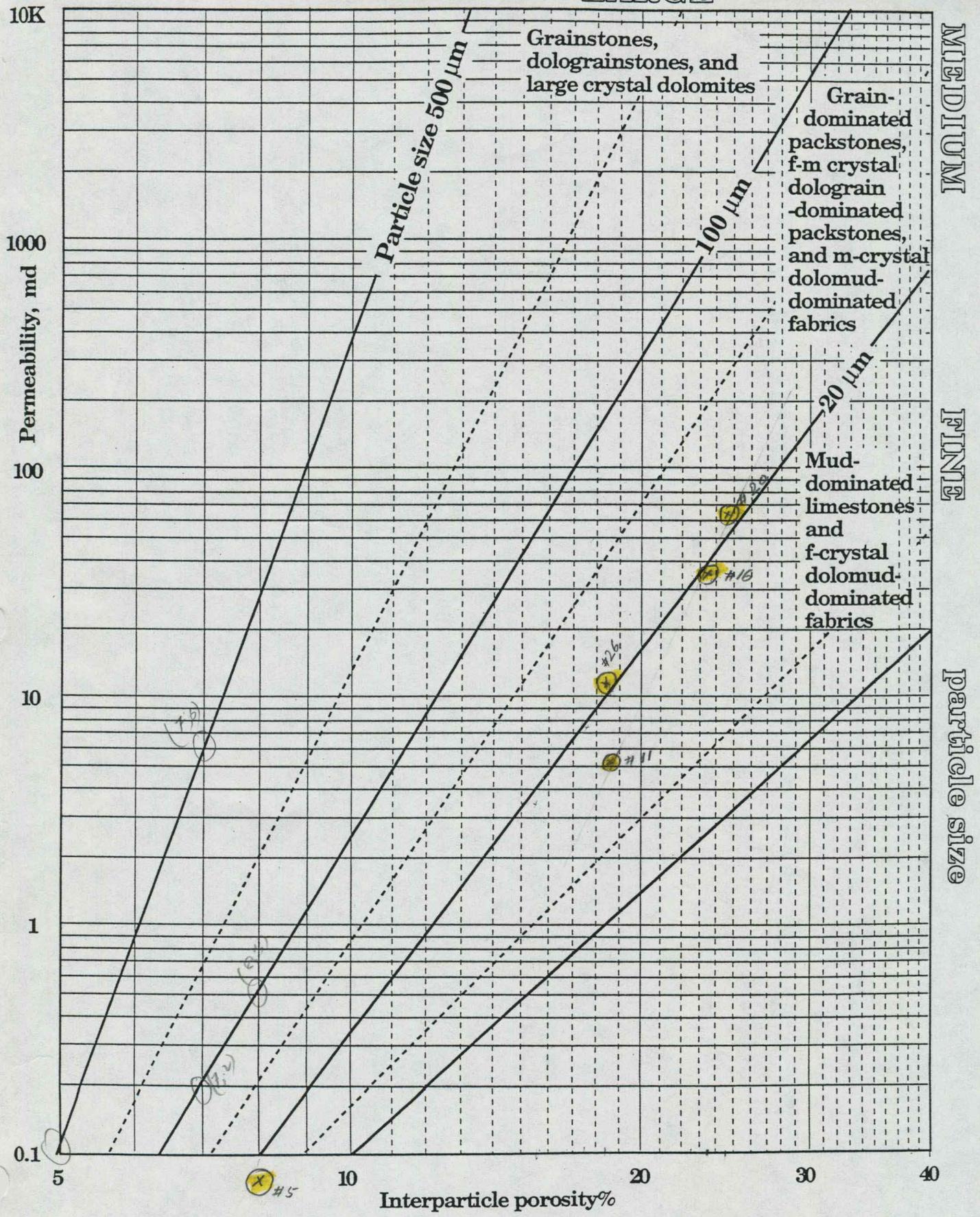
Regularized Fluid Filled Porosity, %	6.66	8.79	3.55	4.92	5.32
MRIL Fluid Filled Porosity, %	6.13	8.88	3.55	4.87	5.37
"Free" Water Saturation, % Vp	40.13	64.41	44.51	47.02	53.80
"Free" Average T ₂ , ms	97.46	47.85	36.50	31.18	31.89
"Bound" Water Saturation, %Vp	59.87	35.59	55.49	52.98	46.20
"Bound" Average T ₂ , ms	8.23	8.12	6.49	6.67	6.90

Desaturated Sample Data (1000 psi)

Regularized Fluid Filled Porosity, %	4.61	5.61	2.09	3.00	2.72
MRIL Fluid Filled Porosity, %	4.31	5.59	1.92	2.89	2.59
"Free" Water Saturation, %	34.10	49.00	16.67	19.38	15.40
"Free" Average T ₂ , ms	55.06	40.79	70.92	44.46	59.54
"Bound" Water Saturation, %	65.90	51.00	83.33	80.62	84.60
"Bound" Average T ₂ , ms	5.55	6.95	5.79	5.48	5.66

1000 AP Twin (Alan's data)

LARGE



MEDIUM
FINE
particle size

Lucia (1983, 1995) non-vuggy carbonate classification of porosity-permeability fields by particle size class. Sloping dashed lines are RMA fits for each class.

K vs. Phi - Lucia's Rock fabric classification

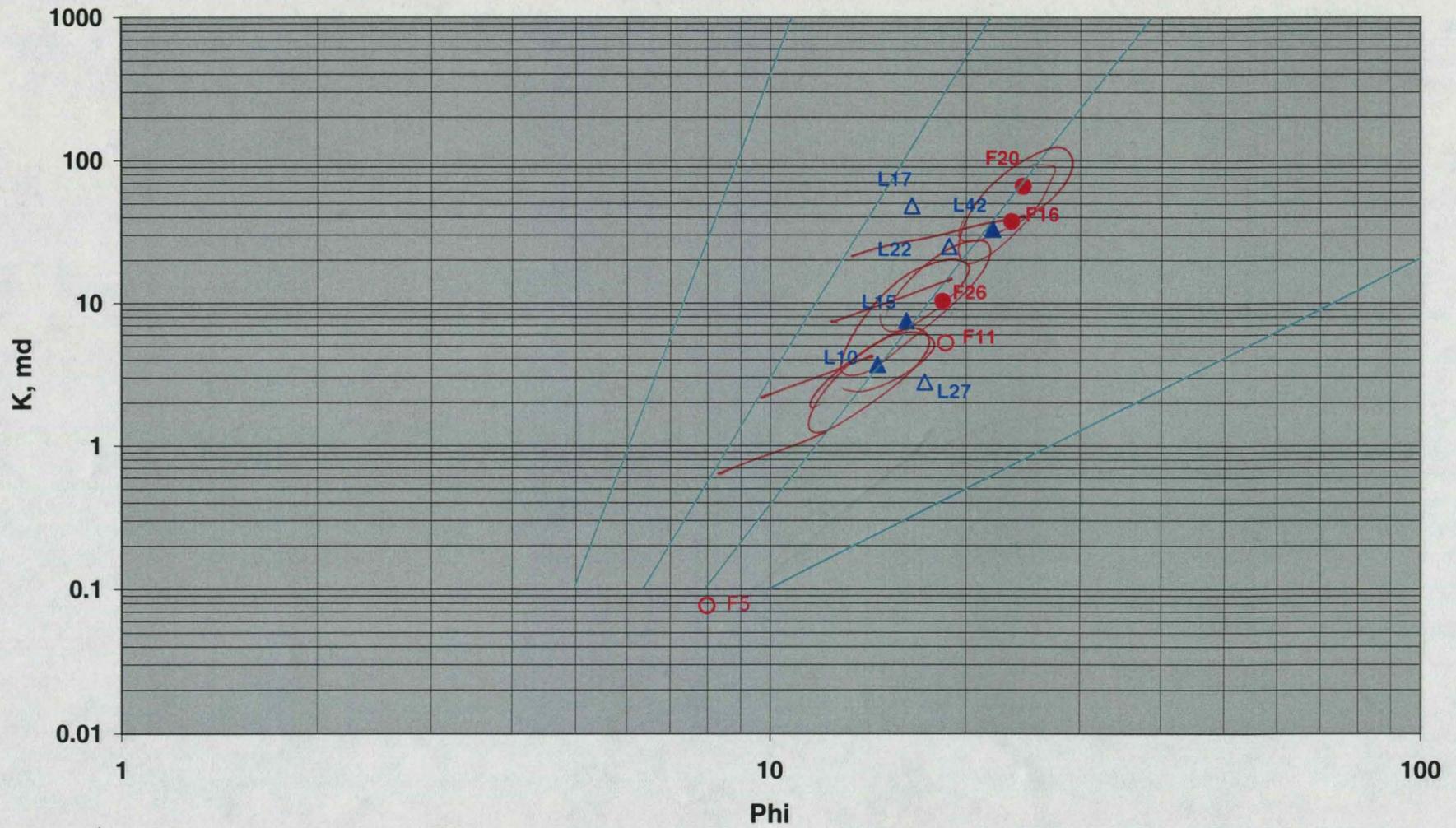
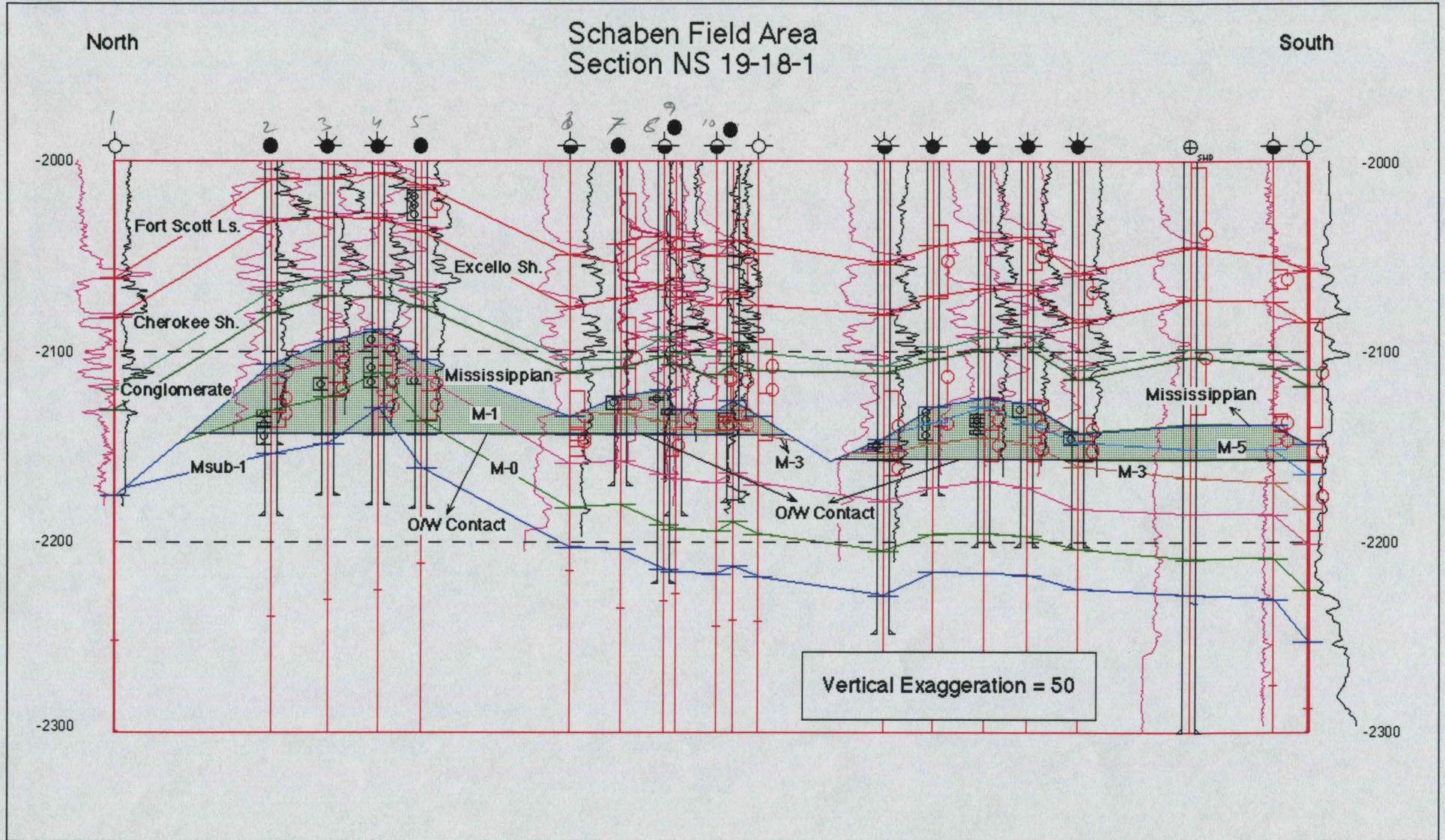


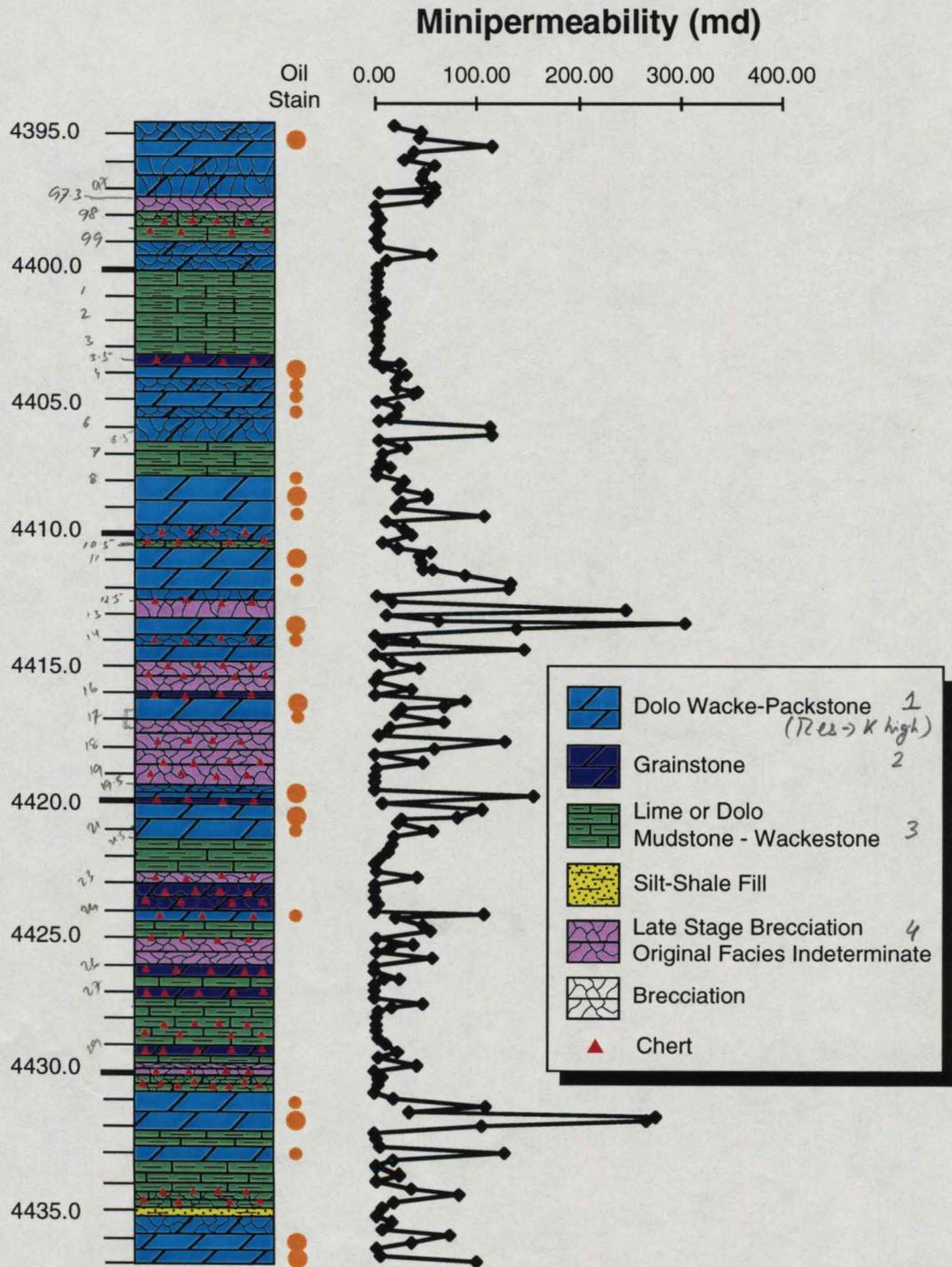
Figure 8 ^{x1}

△ Lyle ▲ Rock fabric A - Lyle ○ Foos ● Rock fabric A - Foos

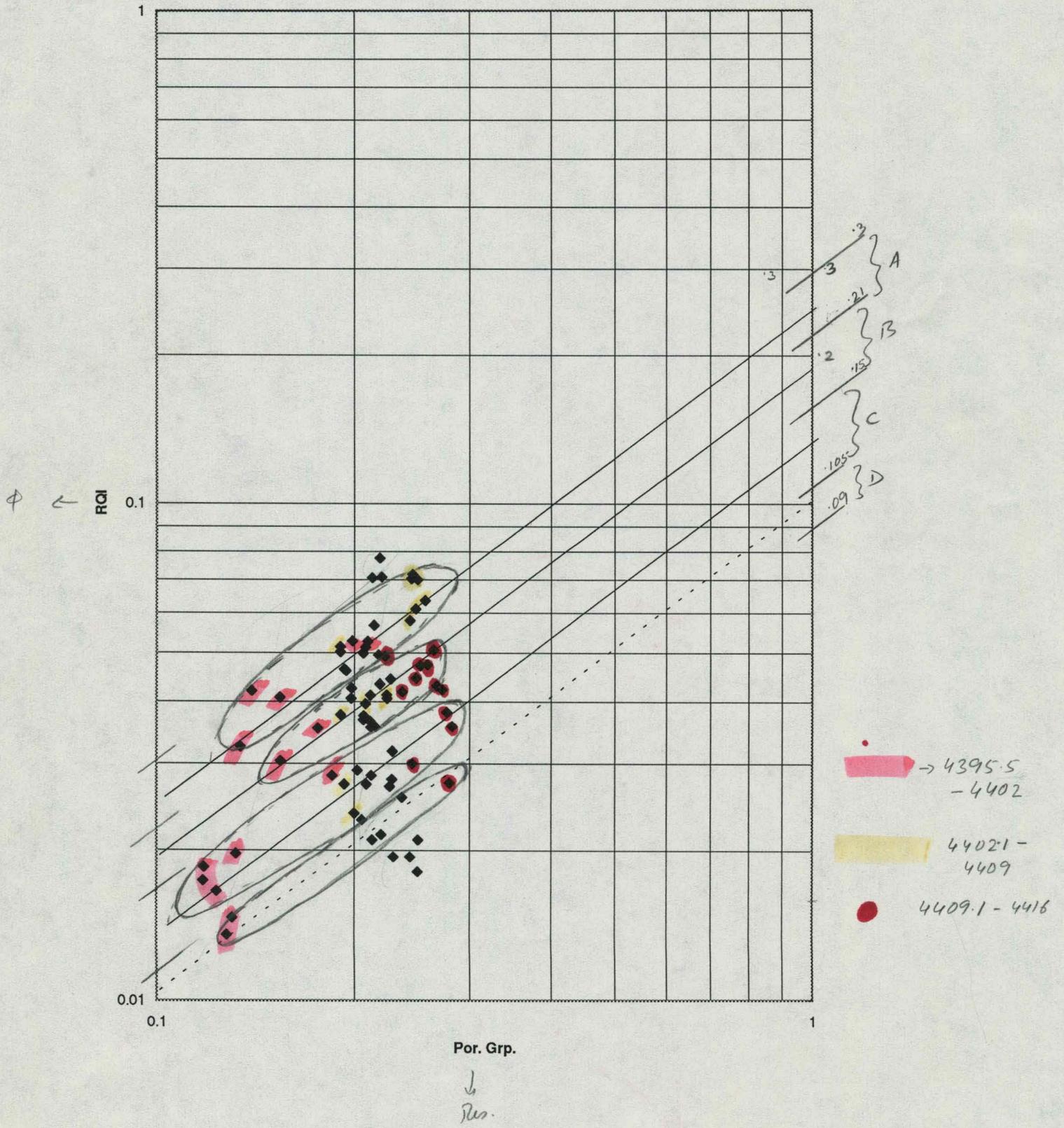
Through Foos AP Twin



Ritchie Exploration1 Foos "A-P" Twin NE SW SW Sec. 31-T19S-R21W Ness County, Kansas

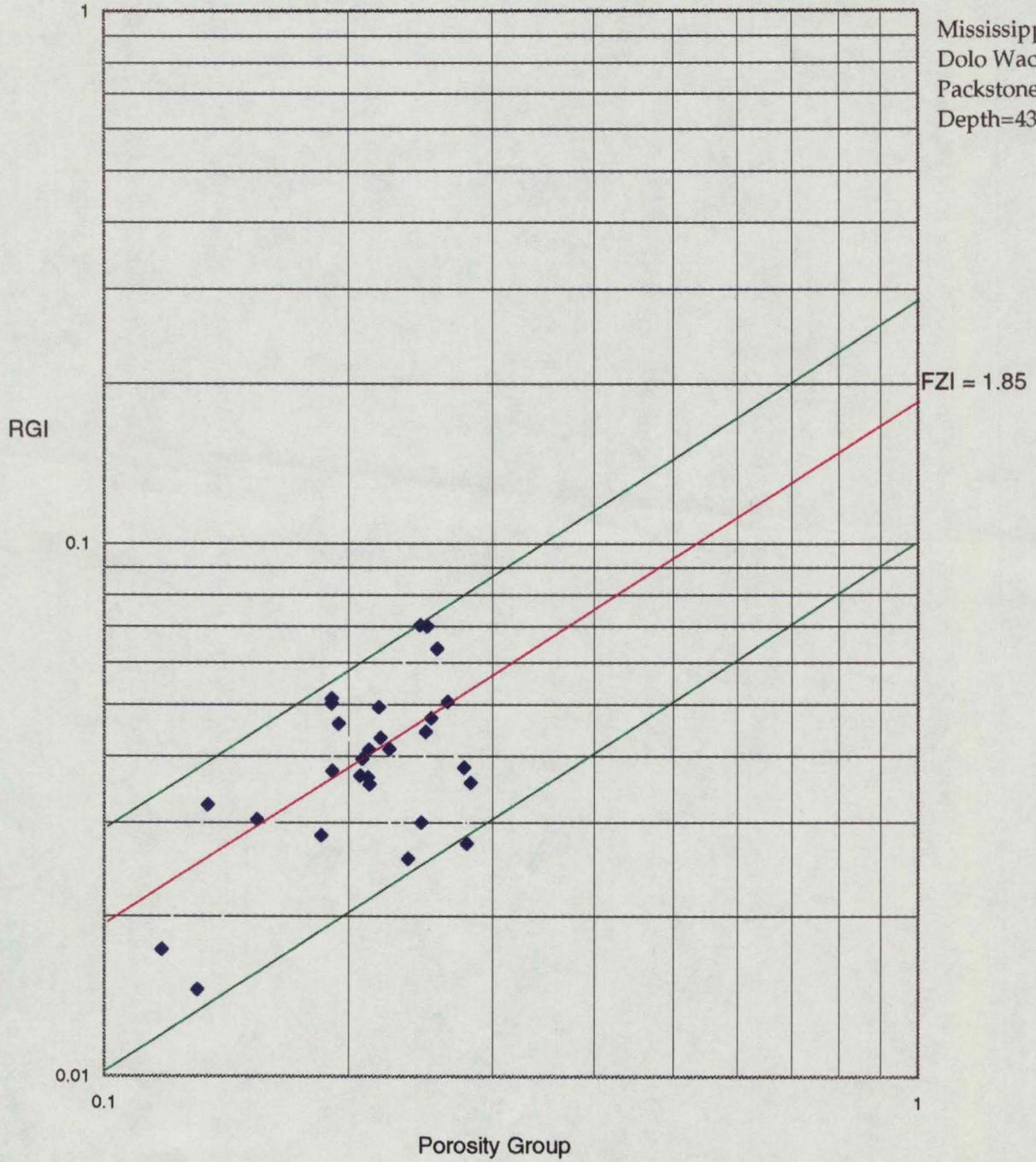


RQI vs. Por. Grp
Foos A P #1 Twin



Foos A P Twin #1

Mississippian
Dolo Wacke-
Packstone
Depth=4395.5-4432



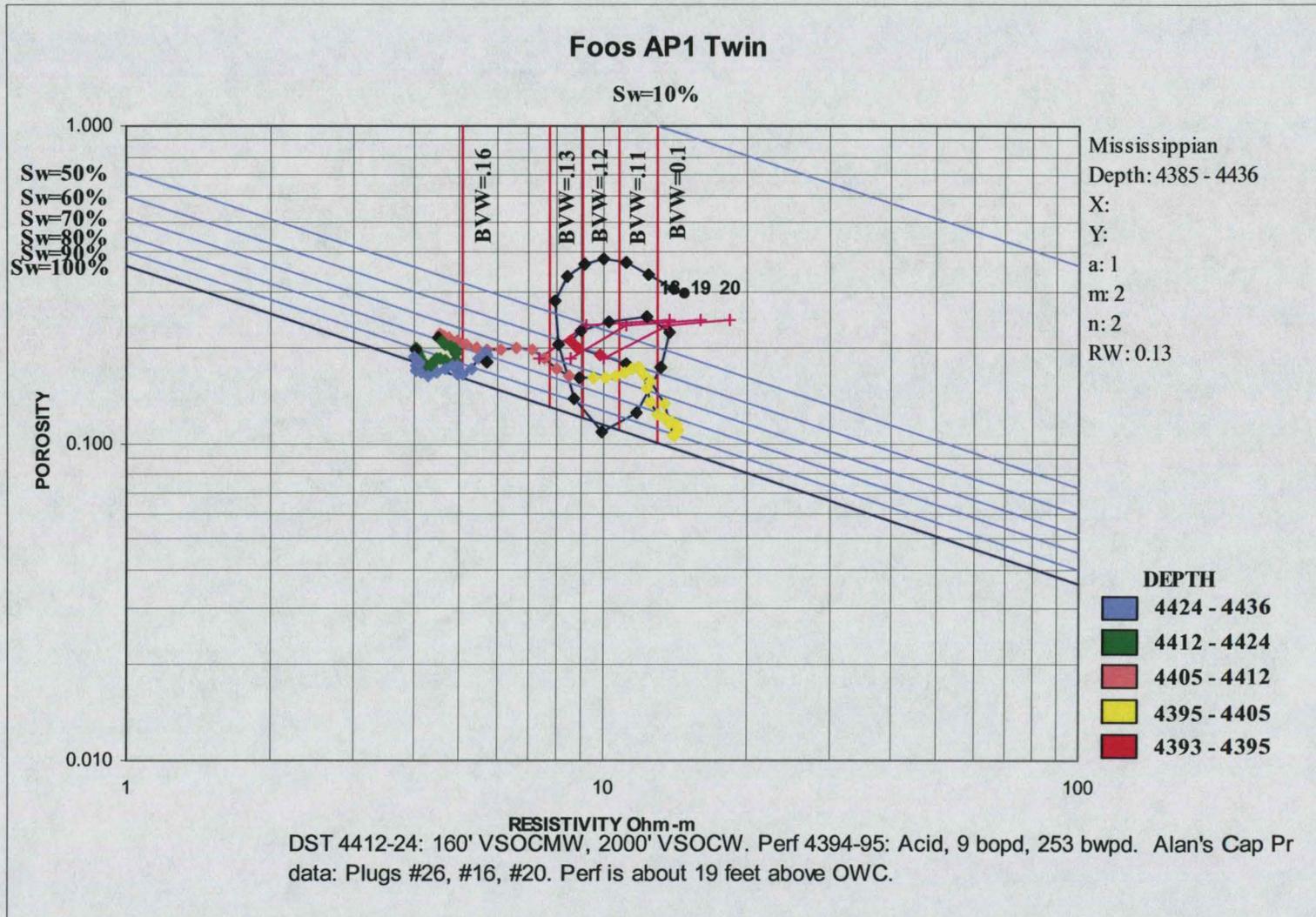


Figure 8

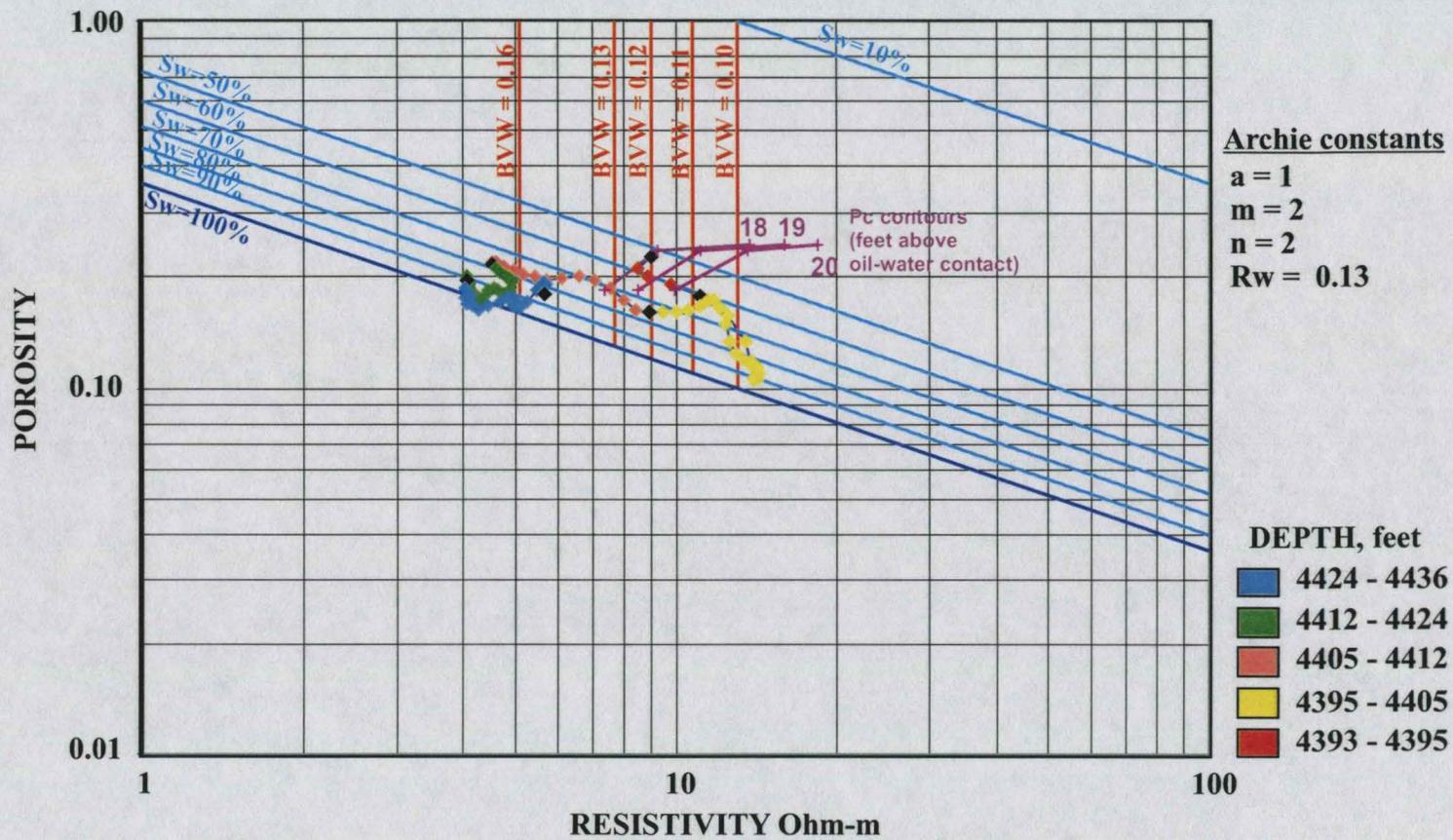
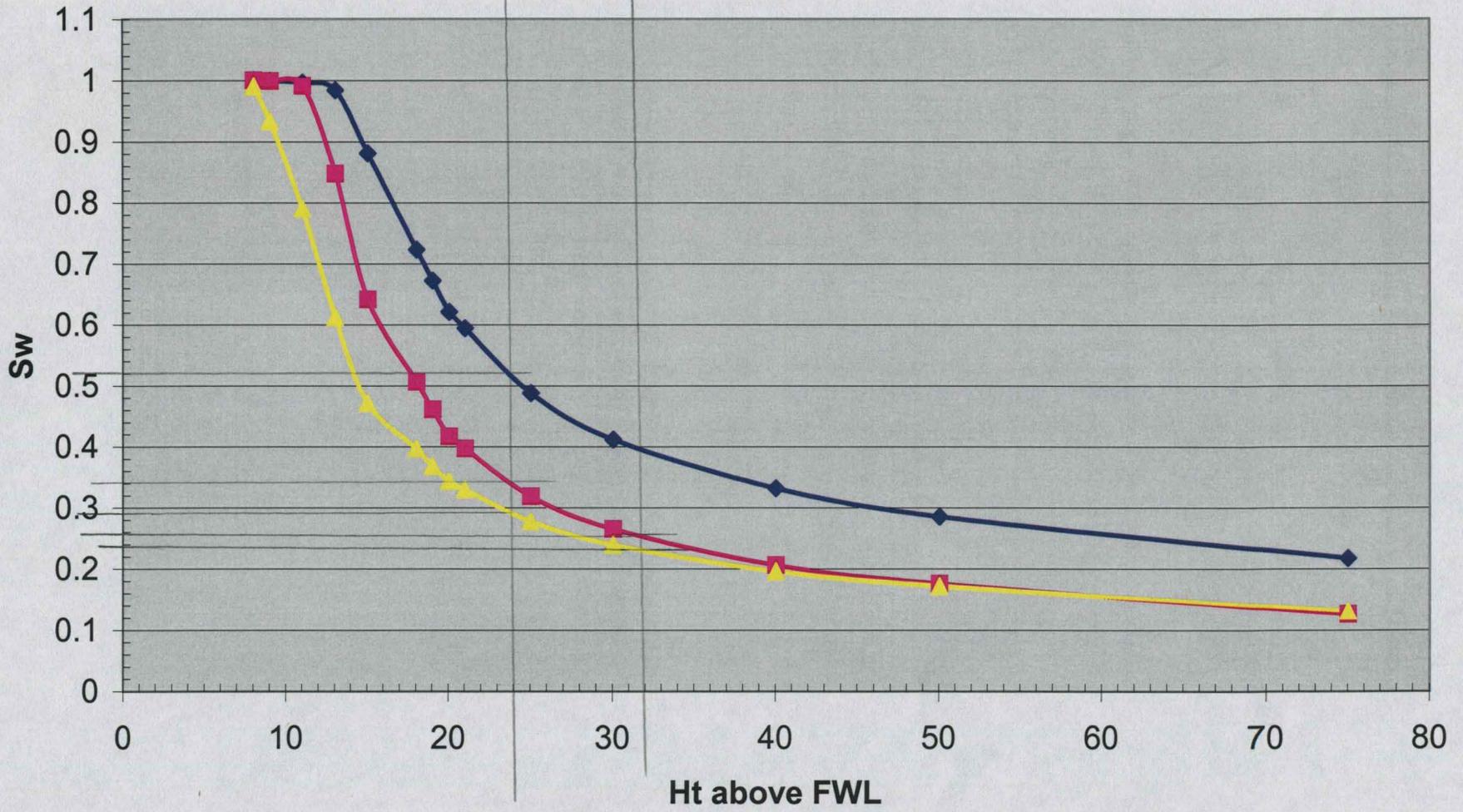


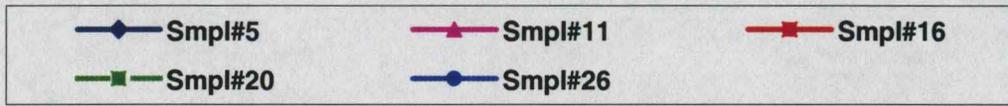
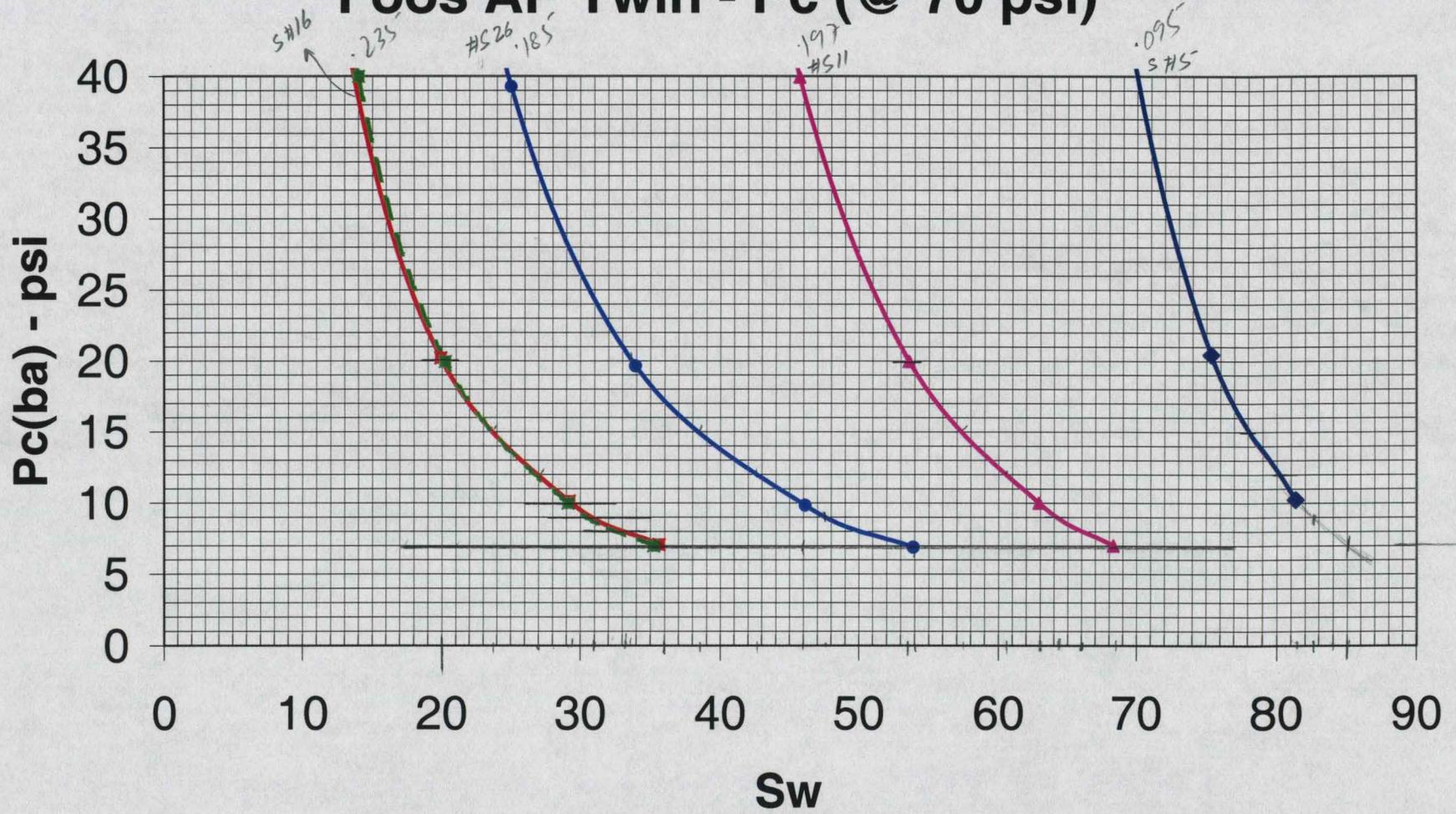
Figure --: Super-Pickett plot of Foos AP Twin well. Capillary pressure data from plugs F#26, F#16, and F#20 plotted as contours of height (feet) above oil-water contact (OWC) on the Pickett plot. Perforated interval of 4394-95 feet is 19 feet above OWC. Initial production rates 9 bopd and 253 bwpd.

Foos AP Twin



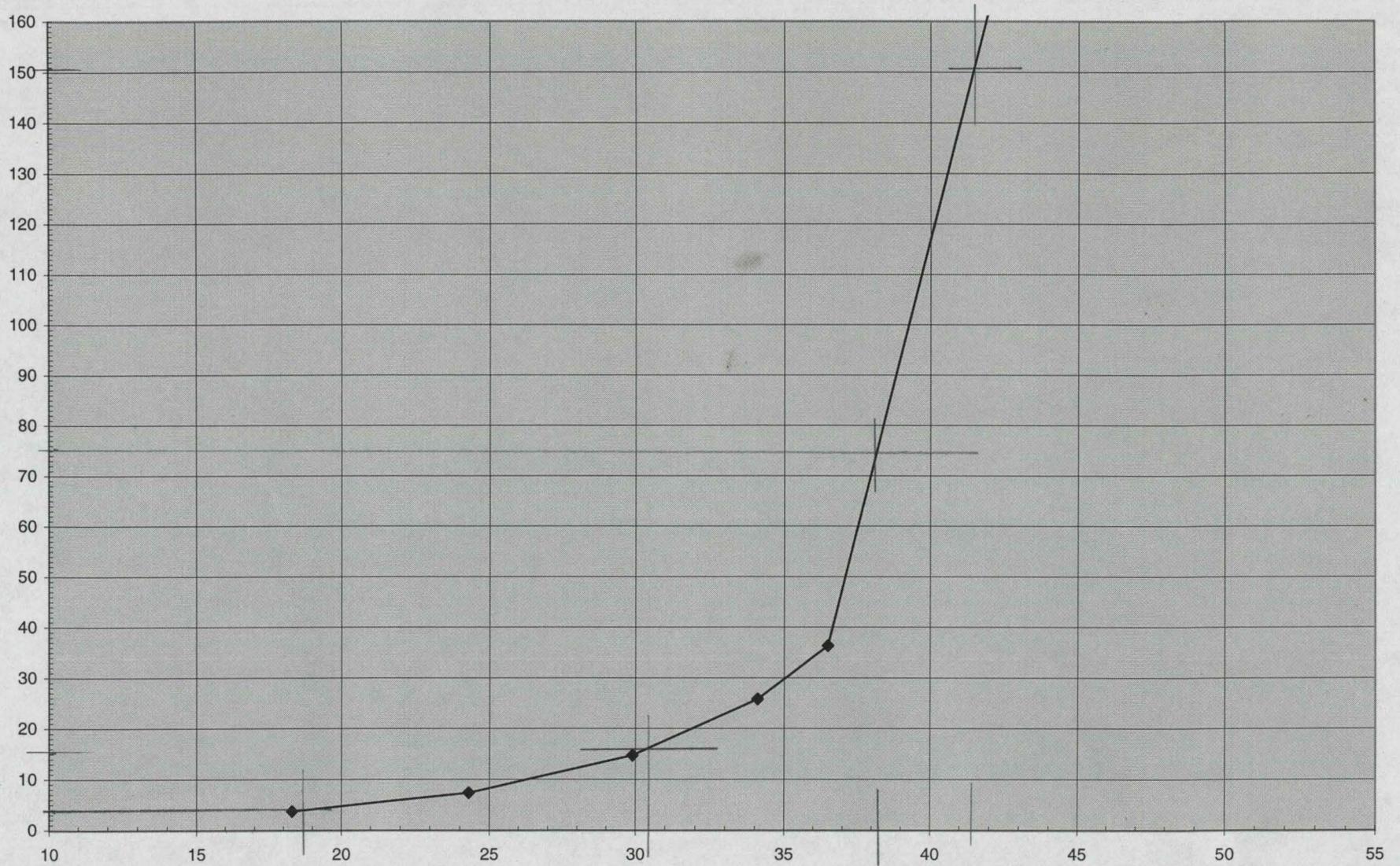
◆ No26 ■ No16 ▲ No20

Foos AP Twin - Pc (@ 70 psi)

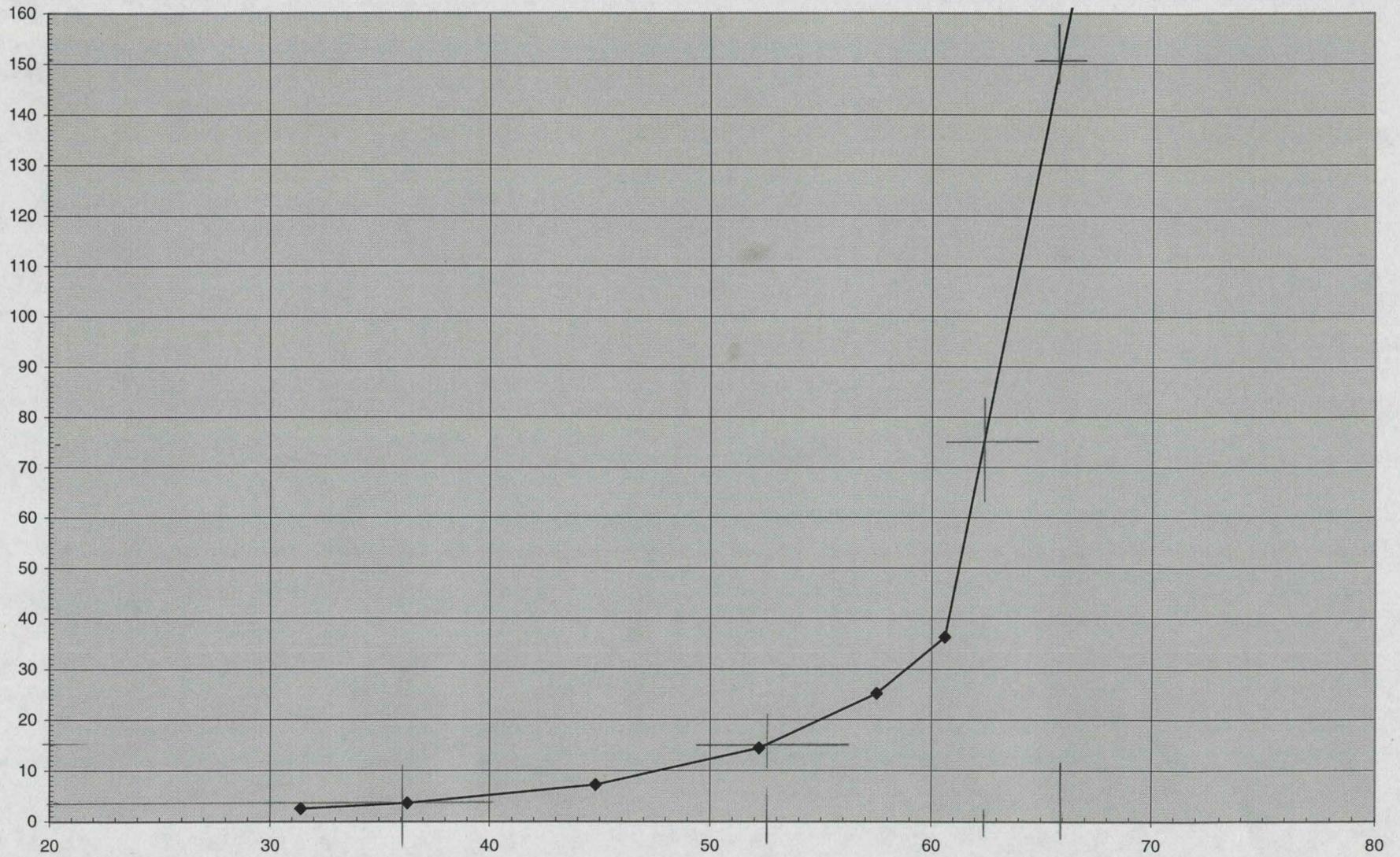


Foos AP Twin

Sample #5



Sample #11



Mercury Injection Capillary Pressure Analysis

#1 FoosAP Twin 4410.6ft (#16)

Insitu Klinkenberg Gas Permeability = 37.3md

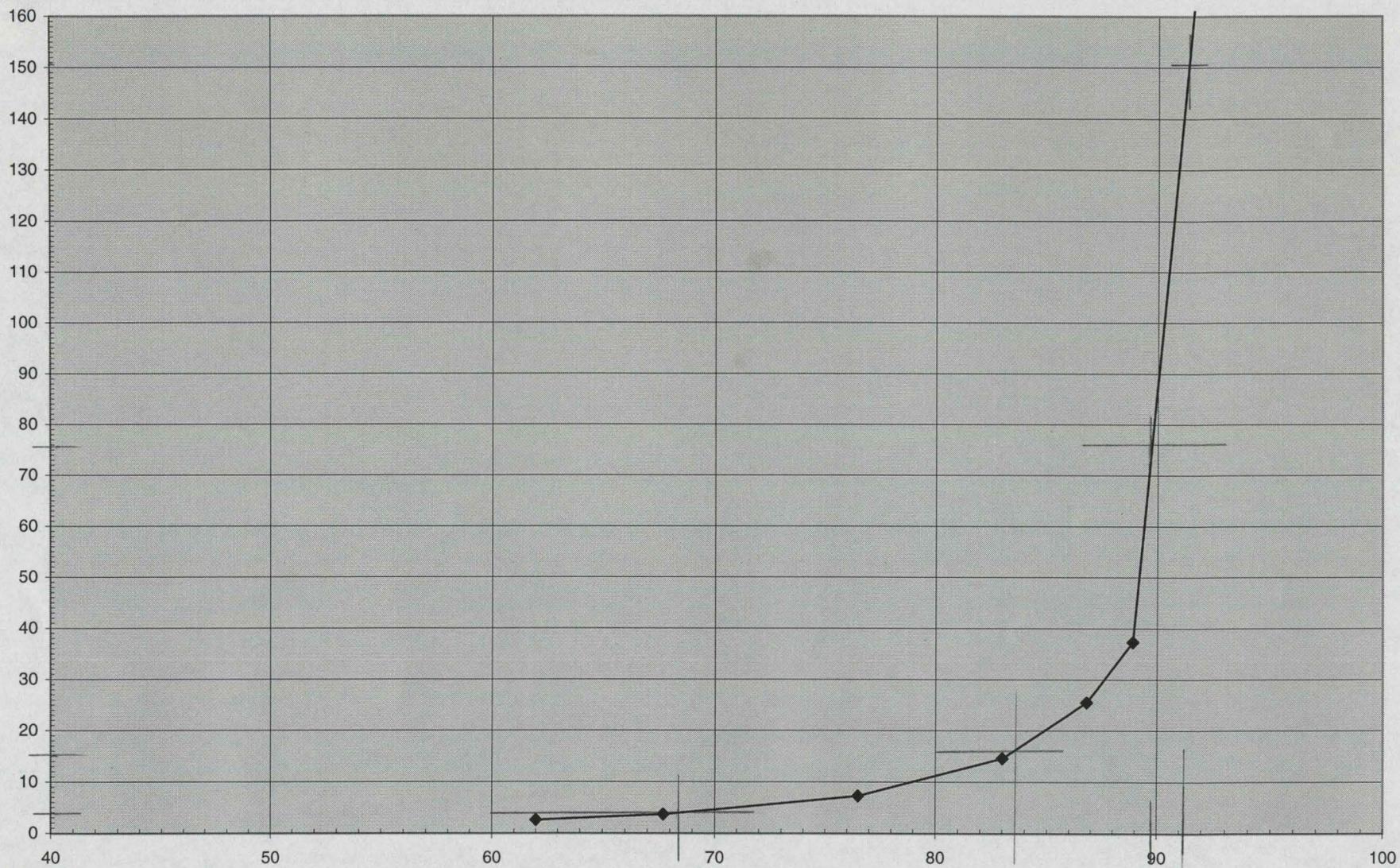
Porosity = 23.5%

Mercury Injection Capillary Pressure (psia)	Approx. Pore Entry Diameter (um)	Cumulative Wetting Phase Saturation (% pore vol)	Pore Size Distribution Frequency	Cumulative Surface Area (m2/g)	Approx. Gas-Water Height Above Free Water Level (ft)	Approx. Oil-Water Height Above Free Water Level (ft)	Burdine-Purcell		Corey	
							Calculated Oil Permeability (%)	Log Oil/Brine Kro/Krw Ratio	Calculated Oil Permeability (%)	Log Oil/Brine Kro/Krw Ratio
0		100.0	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
2	107.	100.0	0.0	0.000	0.8	1.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
4	53.8	100.0	0.0	0.000	1.6	2.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
6	35.8	100.0	0.0	0.000	2.4	3.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
8	26.9	100.0	0.0	0.000	3.2	4.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
10	21.5	100.0	0.0	0.000	4.0	5.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
12	17.9	100.0	0.0	0.000	4.8	6.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
15	14.3	99.9	0.1	0.000	6.0	7.5	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
18	11.9	99.8	0.2	0.000	7.2	9.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
21	10.2	99.0	0.8	0.000	8.4	10.5	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
25	8.60	84.6	14.4	0.008	10.0	12.5	0.9	-1.9	0.1	-2.9
30	7.17	64.1	20.6	0.020	12	15	9.3	-0.4	1.9	-0.9
40	5.37	41.6	22.5	0.038	16	20	32.4	0.8	13.0	0.7
50	4.30	31.8	9.8	0.047	20	25	47.0	1.7	24.2	1.5
60	3.58	26.4	5.4	0.054	24	30	55.9	2.3	32.8	2.0
80	2.69	20.5	5.9	0.063	32	40	66.2	2.9	44.6	2.6
100	2.15	17.5	3.0	0.069	40	50	71.7	3.6	51.8	3.0
150	1.43	12.5	5.0	0.084	60	75	80.9	4.3	65.4	3.8
200	1.08	10.8	1.8	0.076	80	100	84.1	4.5	70.8	4.2
300	.717	8.8	1.9	0.088	120	150	87.8	5.6	77.2	4.7
400	.537	7.7	1.1	0.097	160	200	90.1	6.2	81.1	5.1
500	.430	7.1	0.6	0.103	200	250	91.2	6.7	83.2	5.3
600	.358	6.6	0.5	0.108	240	300	92.1	7.0	84.9	5.5
800	.268	5.9	0.7	0.119	320	400	93.5	7.4	87.5	5.9
1000	.215	5.5	0.5	0.129	400	500	94.4	7.8	89.2	6.2
1500	.143	4.5	1.0	0.158	600	750	96.4	8.4	93.0	6.9
2000	.107	3.9	0.6	0.183	800	1000	97.7	9.3	95.4	7.7
3000	.072	3.4	0.4	0.208	1200	1500	98.5	10.2	97.1	8.5
4000	.054	3.2	0.2	0.225	1600	2000	99.0	11.0	98.0	9.2
5000	.043	3.1	0.1	0.238	2000	2500	99.2	11.7	98.5	9.7
6000	.035	3.1	0.0	0.238	2400	3000	99.2	12.0	98.5	9.7
7000	.031	3.0	0.1	0.251	2800	3500	99.4	12.3	98.9	10.2
8000	.027	2.9	0.2	0.275	3200	4000	99.7	13.2	99.5	11.6
9000	.024	2.8	0.1	0.286	3600	4500	99.9	14.4	99.7	12.8
10000	.022	2.7	0.1	0.298	4000	5000	100.0	15.0	100.0	15.0

All Hg calculations assume air-mercury T=484 dyne/cm, contact angle=140deg.

Oil/Gas-Brine Pc assumes insitu o/g-brine Tcos0=	67.69	24.89	dynes/cm
Oil/gas-Brine height assumes o/g density gradient =	0.020	0.342	psi/ft
Oil/gas-Brine height assumes brine density gradient =	0.476	0.476	psi/ft
Swi assumed for relative permeability =	2.73	2.73	%

Sample #16



Mercury Injection Capillary Pressure Analysis
#1 Foos AP Twin 4416.4ft (#20)

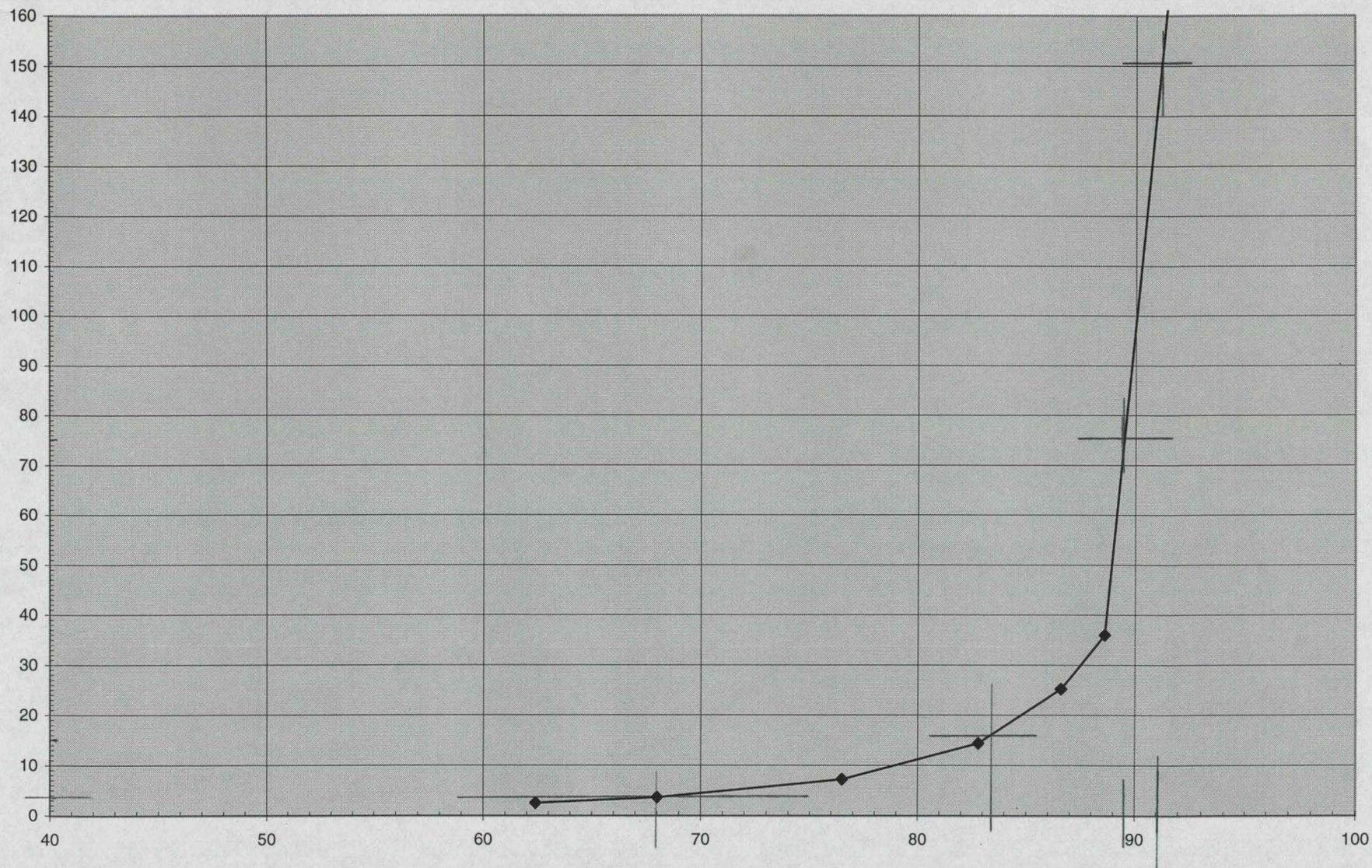
Insitu Klinkenberg Gas Permeability = 65.8md
 Porosity = 24.5%

Mercury Injection Capillary Pressure (psia)	Approx. Pore Entry Diameter (um)	Cumulative Wetting Phase Saturation (% pore vol)	Pore Size Distribution Frequency	Cumulative Surface Area (m2/g)	Approx. Gas-Water Height Above Free Water Level (ft)	Approx. Oil-Water Height Above Free Water Level (ft)	Burdine-Purcell Calculated Oil Relative Permeability (%)	Log Oil/Brine Kro/Krw Ratio	Corey Calculated Oil Relative Permeability (%)	Log Oil/Brine Kro/Krw Ratio
0		100.0	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
2	107.	100.0	0.0	0.000	0.8	1.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
4	53.8	100.0	0.0	0.000	1.6	2.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
6	35.8	100.0	0.0	0.000	2.4	3.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
8	26.9	100.0	0.0	0.000	3.2	4.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
10	21.5	100.0	0.0	0.000	4.0	5.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
12	17.9	99.8	0.2	0.000	4.8	6.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
15	14.3	99.0	0.9	0.000	6.0	7.5	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
18	11.9	93.3	5.6	0.002	7.2	9.0	0.1	-3.0	0.0	-4.6
21	10.2	79.0	14.3	0.008	8.4	10.5	2.2	-1.3	0.2	-2.3
25	8.60	61.3	17.7	0.018	10.0	12.5	11.5	-0.2	2.4	-0.7
30	7.17	47.2	14.1	0.026	12	15	25.4	0.7	8.4	0.3
40	5.37	34.3	12.8	0.037	16	20	42.8	1.5	20.1	1.2
50	4.30	27.8	6.6	0.043	20	25	53.1	2.2	29.4	1.8
60	3.58	23.9	3.9	0.048	24	30	59.5	2.8	36.2	2.2
80	2.69	19.6	4.3	0.055	32	40	67.0	3.3	45.3	2.6
100	2.15	17.1	2.5	0.060	40	50	71.3	3.8	51.1	3.0
150	1.43	13.1	4.0	0.072	60	75	78.6	4.4	61.8	3.6
200	1.08	11.7	1.3	0.065	80	100	81.0	4.6	65.6	3.8
300	.717	10.0	1.8	0.076	120	150	84.3	5.6	71.0	4.2
400	.537	8.9	1.1	0.085	160	200	86.4	6.1	74.7	4.5
500	.430	8.3	0.5	0.091	200	250	87.4	6.5	76.4	4.6
600	.358	7.8	0.5	0.097	240	300	88.4	6.8	78.1	4.8
800	.268	7.2	0.7	0.108	320	400	89.7	7.1	80.4	5.0
1000	.215	6.4	0.7	0.123	400	500	91.1	7.4	83.0	5.3
1500	.143	5.1	1.4	0.164	600	750	93.8	8.0	87.9	5.9
2000	.107	4.2	0.9	0.201	800	1000	95.5	8.7	91.3	6.5
3000	.072	3.3	0.9	0.255	1200	1500	97.3	9.5	94.7	7.5
4000	.054	2.7	0.6	0.305	1600	2000	98.6	10.6	97.1	8.6
5000	.043	2.7	0.0	0.305	2000	2500	98.6	11.3	97.1	8.6
6000	.035	2.5	0.2	0.324	2400	3000	98.9	11.5	97.8	9.0
7000	.031	2.3	0.2	0.355	2800	3500	99.3	12.2	98.6	9.8
8000	.027	2.2	0.1	0.370	3200	4000	99.5	13.1	99.0	10.4
9000	.024	2.2	0.0	0.370	3600	4500	99.5	15.0	99.0	10.4
10000	.022	1.9	0.2	0.420	4000	5000	100.0	15.0	100.0	15.0

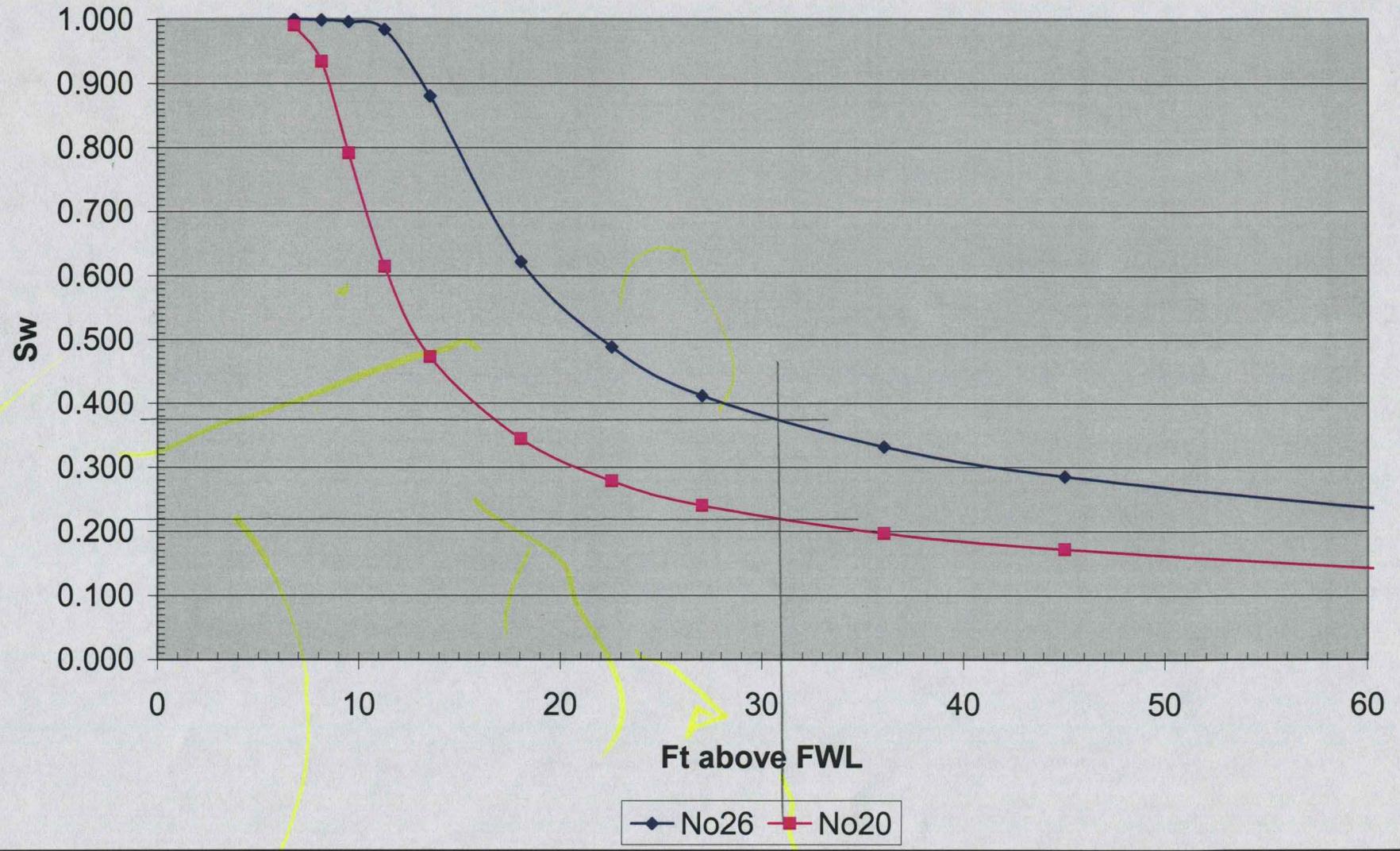
All Hg calculations assume air-mercury T=484 dyne/cm, contact angle=140deg.

Oil/Gas-Brine Pc assumes insitu o/g-brine Tcos0=	67.69	24.89	dynes/cm
Oil/gas-Brine height assumes o/g density gradient =	0.020	0.342	psi/ft
Oil/gas-Brine height assumes brine density gradient =	0.476	0.476	psi/ft
Swi assumed for relative permeability =	1.95	1.95	%

Sample #20



Foos (Alan) m = .45



Mercury Injection Capillary Pressure Analysis

#1 Foos AP Twin (#26)

Insitu Klinkenberg Gas Permeability = 10.3md

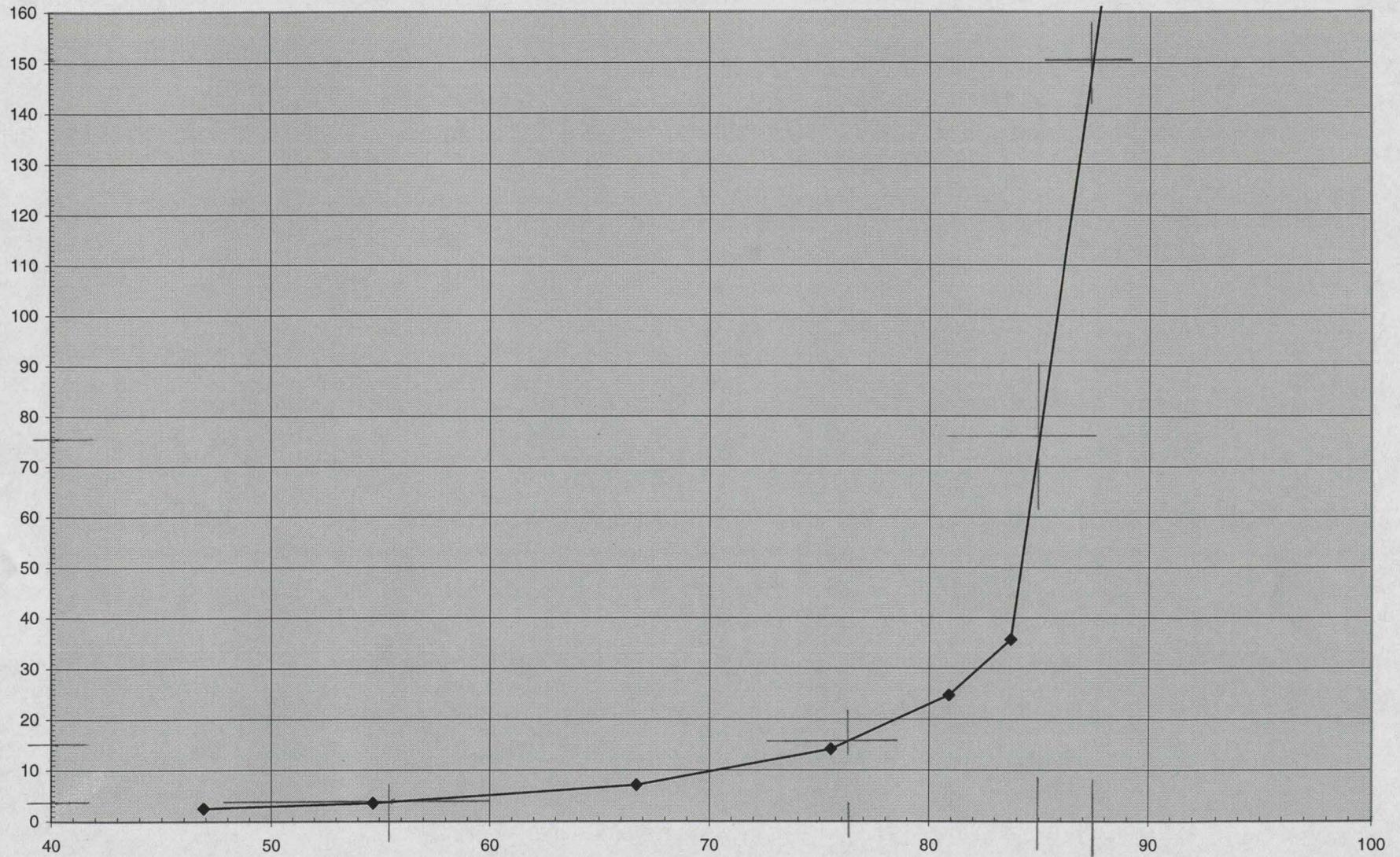
Porosity = 18.4%

			Pore		Approx.	Approx.	Burdine-Purcell		Corey	
Mercury	Approx.	Cumulative	Size	Cumula-	Gas-Water	Oil-Water	Calculated		Calculated	
Injection	Pore	Wetting	Distri-	tive	Height	Height	Oil	Log	Oil	Log
Capillary	Entry	Phase	bution	Surface	Above Free	Above Free	Relative	Oil/Brine	Relative	Oil/Brine
Pressure	Diameter	Saturation	Fre-	Area	Water Level	Water Level	Permea-	Kro/Krw	Permea-	Kro/Krw
(psia)	(um)	(% pore vol)	quency	(m2/g)	(ft)	(ft)	bility (%)	Ratio	bility (%)	Ratio
0		100.0	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
2	107.	100.0	0.0	0.000	0.8	1.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
4	53.8	100.0	0.0	0.000	1.6	2.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
6	35.8	100.0	0.0	0.000	2.4	3.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
8	26.9	100.0	0.0	0.000	3.2	4.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
10	21.5	100.0	0.0	0.000	4.0	5.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
12	17.9	100.0	0.0	0.000	4.8	6.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
15	14.3	100.0	0.0	0.000	6.0	7.5	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
18	11.9	99.9	0.1	0.000	7.2	9.0	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
21	10.2	99.6	0.3	0.000	8.4	10.5	0.0	-5.0	0.0	-5.0
25	8.60	98.4	1.2	0.001	10.0	12.5	0.0	-4.7	0.0	-5.0
30	7.17	88.0	10.3	0.005	12	15	0.5	-2.2	0.0	-3.4
40	5.37	62.1	25.9	0.021	16	20	11.2	-0.3	2.2	-0.8
50	4.30	48.7	13.3	0.031	20	25	24.1	0.6	7.2	0.1
60	3.58	41.2	7.6	0.037	24	30	33.5	1.3	12.5	0.7
80	2.69	33.1	8.0	0.047	32	40	44.7	1.9	20.9	1.3
100	2.15	28.5	4.6	0.054	40	50	51.7	2.5	27.3	1.7
150	1.43	21.7	6.8	0.069	60	75	62.6	3.2	39.3	2.3
200	1.08	18.8	2.9	0.062	80	100	67.2	3.3	45.3	2.6
300	.717	16.1	2.7	0.074	120	150	71.9	4.3	51.8	3.0
400	.537	14.2	1.9	0.086	160	200	75.2	4.8	56.7	3.3
500	.430	13.0	1.2	0.094	200	250	77.3	5.2	59.8	3.5
600	.358	11.9	1.1	0.105	240	300	79.4	5.5	63.0	3.6
800	.268	10.5	1.4	0.121	320	400	81.9	5.8	67.0	3.9
1000	.215	9.3	1.2	0.138	400	500	84.0	6.2	70.6	4.2
1500	.143	7.3	2.0	0.183	600	750	87.8	6.7	77.1	4.7
2000	.107	6.0	1.3	0.222	800	1000	90.3	7.3	81.5	5.1
3000	.072	4.3	1.7	0.297	1200	1500	93.6	8.0	87.6	5.9
4000	.054	3.0	1.3	0.377	1600	2000	96.2	8.9	92.5	6.8
5000	.043	2.5	0.4	0.410	2000	2500	97.1	9.6	94.2	7.3
6000	.035	1.9	0.6	0.467	2400	3000	98.4	10.3	96.8	8.3
7000	.031	1.6	0.3	0.497	2800	3500	98.9	11.1	97.9	9.1
8000	.027	1.2	0.4	0.550	3200	4000	99.8	13.0	99.7	12.3
9000	.024	1.2	0.0	0.550	3600	4500	99.8	15.0	99.7	12.3
10000	.022	1.1	0.1	0.562	4000	5000	100.0	15.0	100.0	15.0

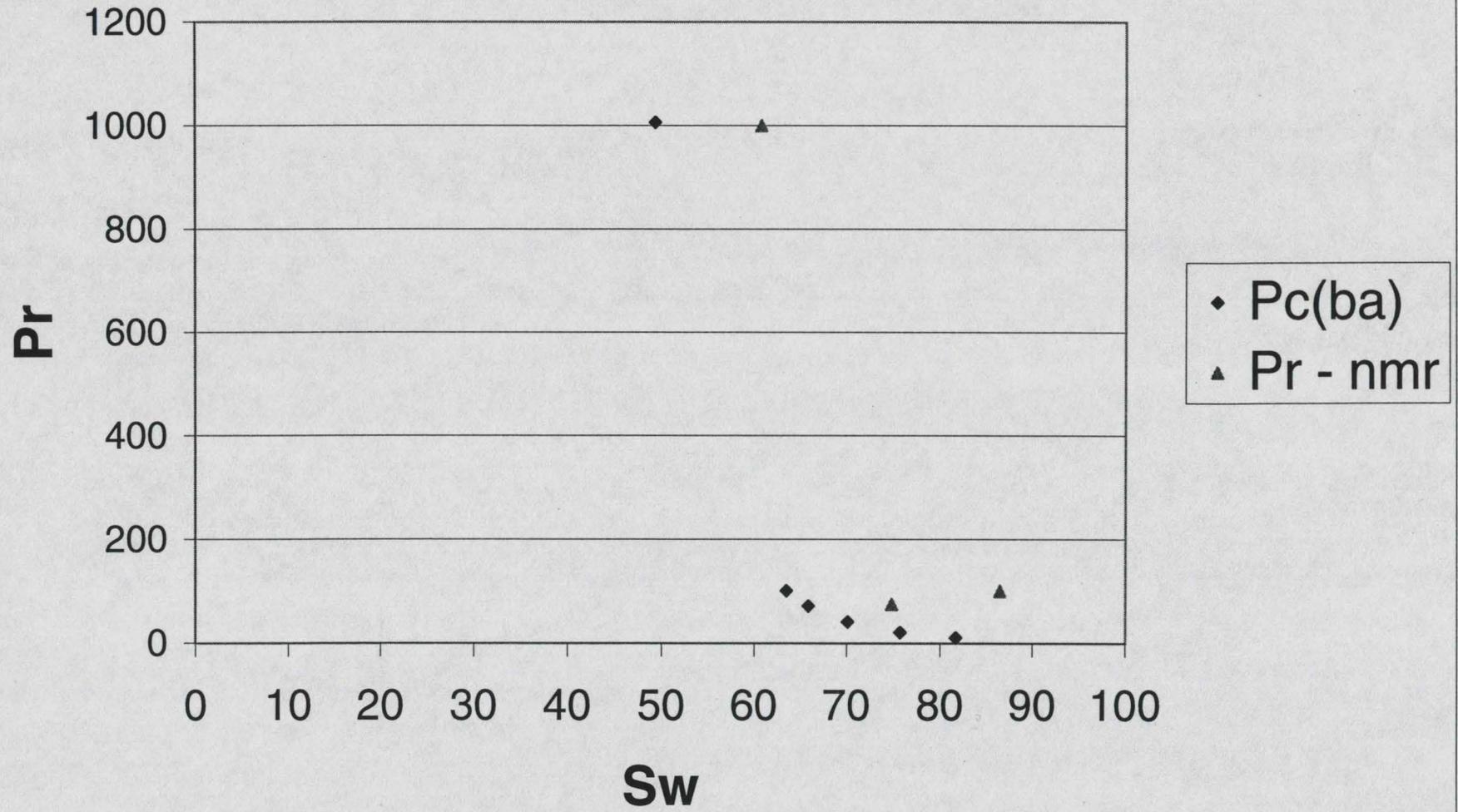
All Hg calculations assume air-mercury T=484 dyne/cm, contact angle=140deg.

Oil/Gas-Brine Pc assumes insitu o/g-brine Tcos0=	67.69	24.89	dynes/cm
Oil/gas-Brine height assumes o/g density gradient =	0.020	0.342	psi/ft
Oil/gas-Brine height assumes brine density gradient =	0.476	0.476	psi/ft
Swi assumed for relative permeability =	1.09	1.09	%

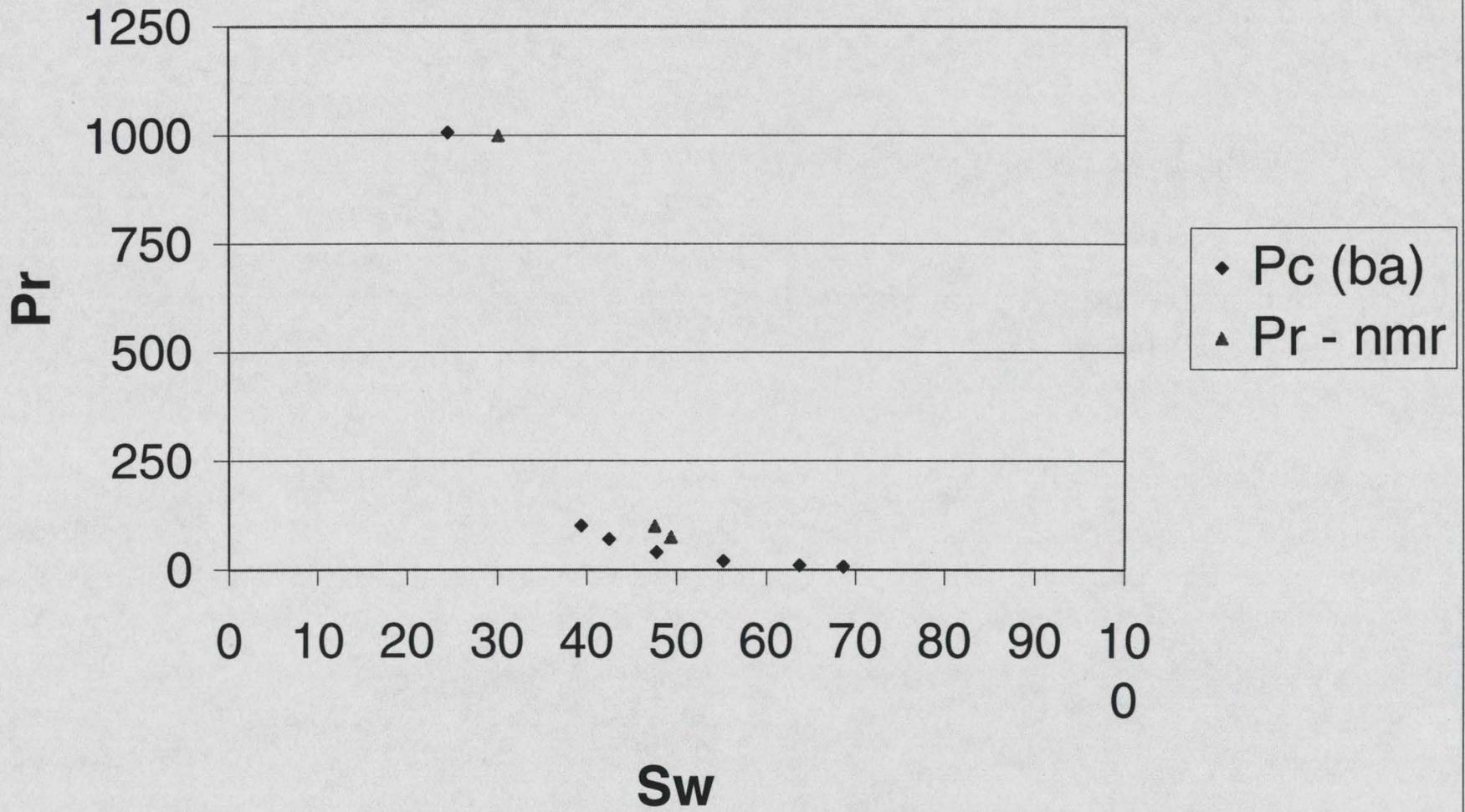
Sample #26



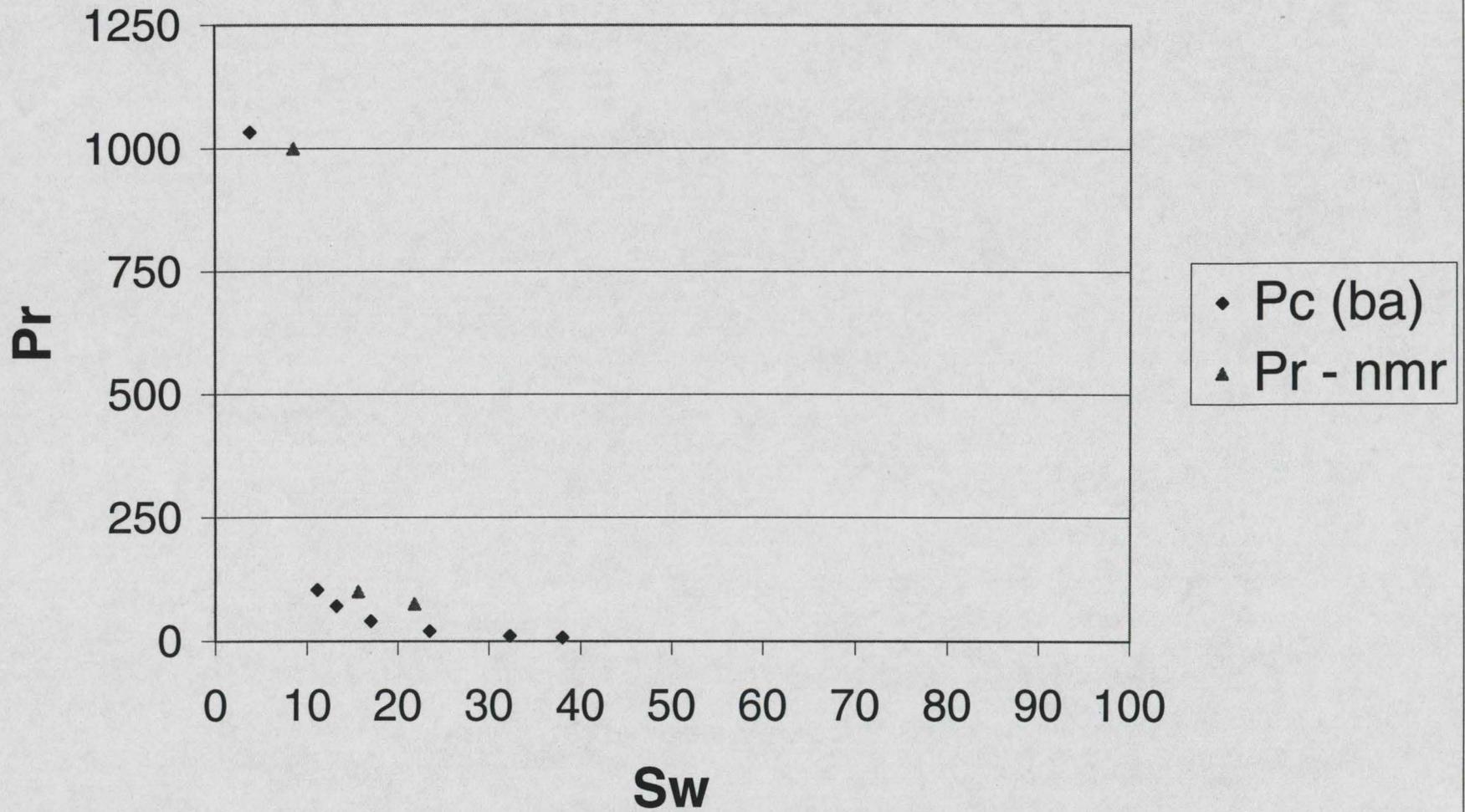
S # 5 Foos



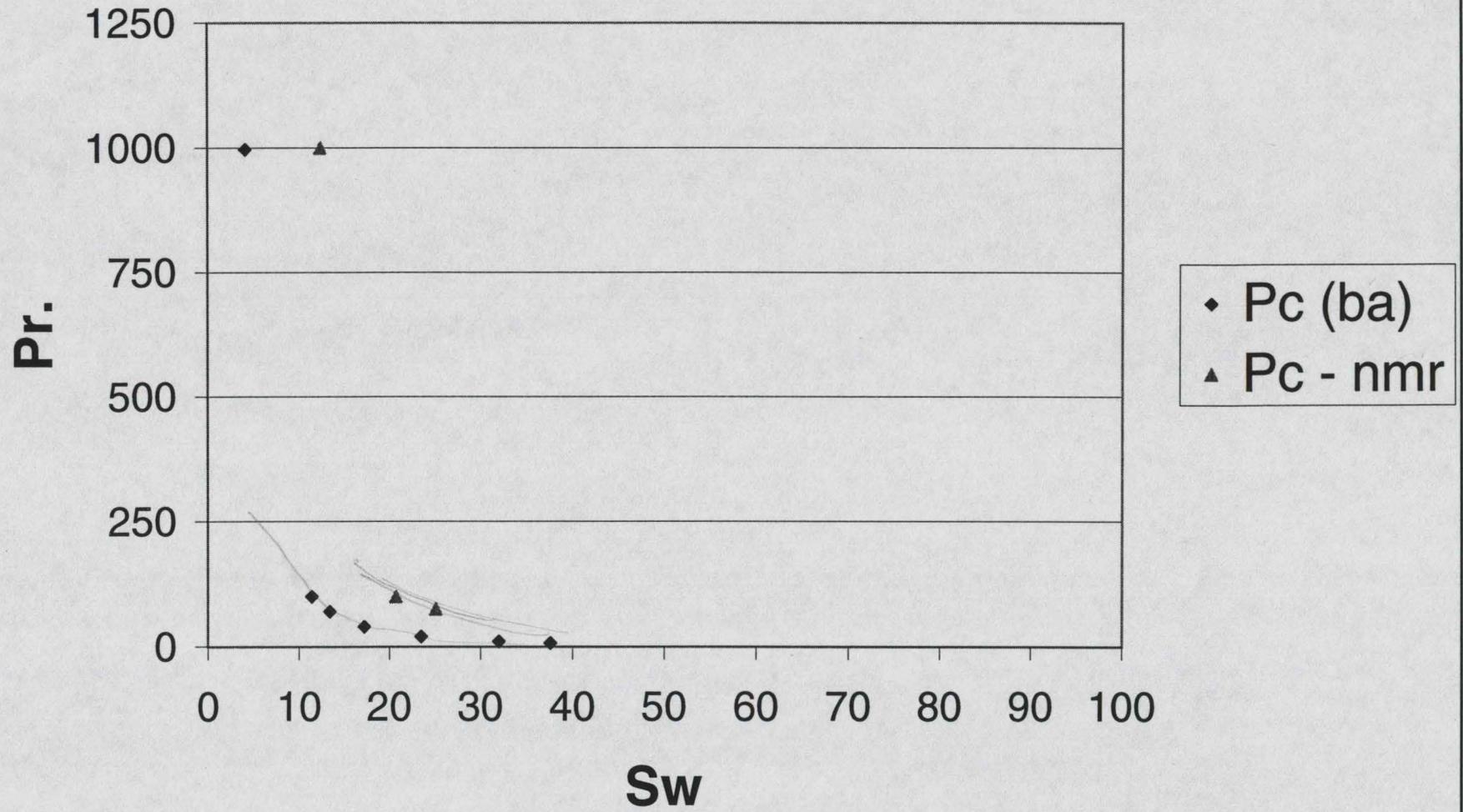
S #11 Foos



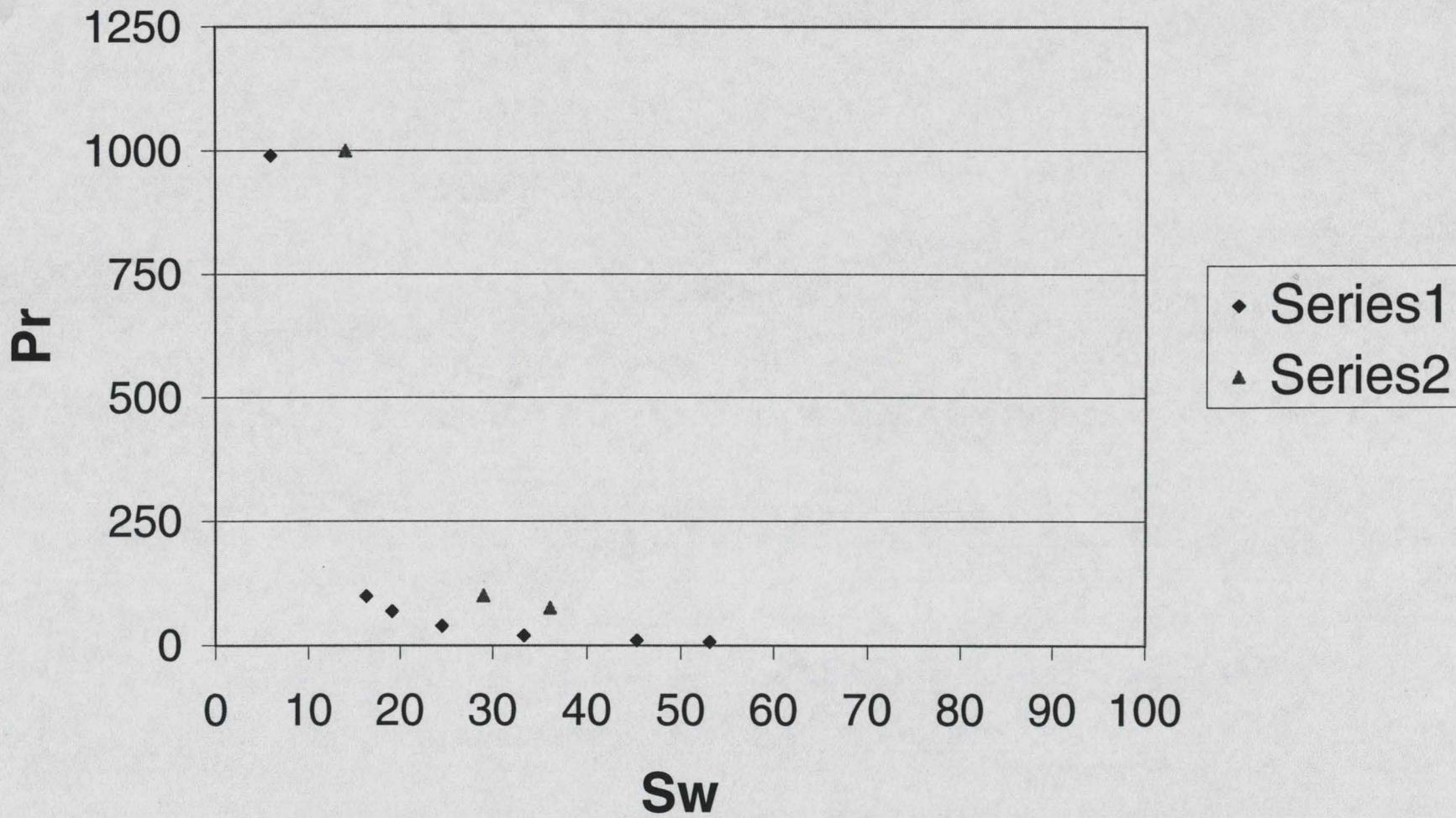
S # 16 Foos



S # 20 Foos



S # 26 Foos



15-
15-135-23898
31-19-21W

Foos AP1 Twin

Sw=10%

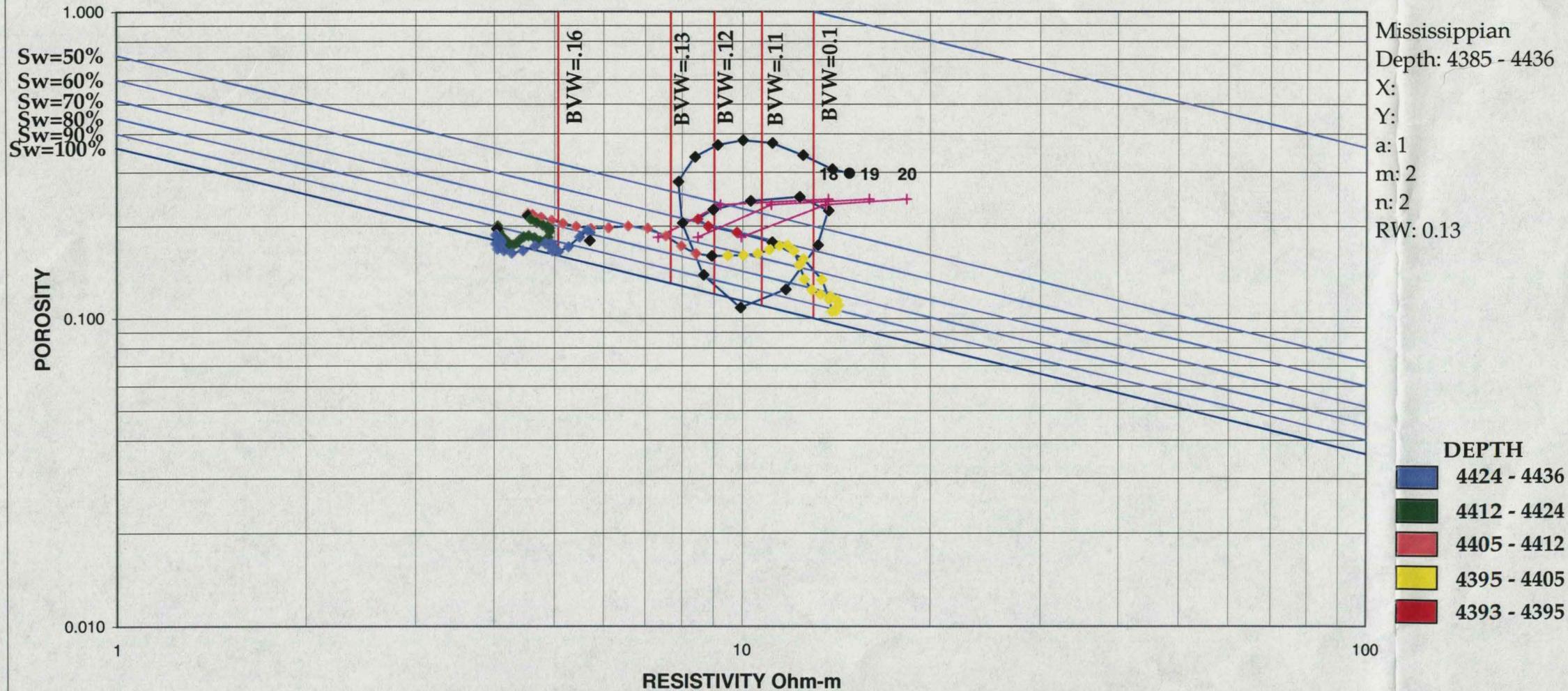


Figure 9

DST 4412-24: 160' VSOCMW, 2000' VSOCW. Perf 4394-95: Acid, 9 bopd, 253 bwpd. Alan's Cap Pr data: Plugs #26, #16, #20. Perf is about 19 feet above OWC.

