

SPECIAL DATA ANALYSIS

FEBRUARY 20, 1964

THIS APPEARS TO BE A GOOD MECHANICAL DRILL STEM TEST DURING WHICH THE TOOLS DID FUNCTION PROPERLY. WELL CONDITIONS WERE SATISFACTORY, AND THE FORMATION WITHIN THE TEST INTERVAL DID PRODUCE ENOUGH RESERVOIR FLUID FOR PROPER IDENTIFICATION. SUFFICIENT RESERVOIR PRESSURE DRAWDOWN DID OCCUR FOR THE ADEQUATE SHUT-IN BUILD-UPS FOR RELIABLE SPECIAL DATA ANALYSIS. THE LENGTHS OF TIME OF THE FLOW PERIODS AND SHUT-IN PERIODS OF THIS TEST ARE SUFFICIENT. THE DATA OBTAINED SHOULD BE ADEQUATE FOR RELIABLE SPECIAL DATA ANALYSIS.

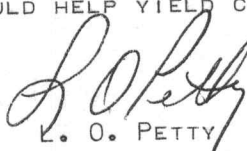
1. RESERVOIR PRESSURE: EXTRAPOLATION OF THE INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE BUILD-UP PLOT, INDICATES A MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE OF 1663 P.S.I.G. AT RECORDER DEPTH. EXTRAPOLATION OF THE FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE BUILD-UP PLOT INDICATES A MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE OF 1615 P.S.I.G. AFTER THIS TEST. THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THESE TWO PRESSURES OF 48 P.S.I. IS JUST WITHIN RECORDER ACCURACY, BUT DETAIL IS SUFFICIENT THAT SOME RESERVOIR PRESSURE DEPLETION MAY HAVE TAKEN PLACE DURING THE TEST. IF DEPLETION DID OCCUR A LIMITED RESERVOIR HAVING VERY SMALL VOLUME MAY EXIST.

2. PERMEABILITY: THE CALCULATED TRANSMISSIBILITY FACTOR OF 3157 MD.-FT./CP. INDICATES AN AVERAGE EFFECTIVE PERMEABILITY TO GAS OF 3.3 MD. FOR THE REPORTED 14 FOOT TEST INTERVAL. THIS VALUE WAS CALCULATED ASSUMING THE GAS GRAVITY TO BE 0.70 AND SELECTING APPROPRIATE VALUES FOR GAS VISCOSITY AND DEVIATION FROM THE PERFECT GAS LAW FROM THE AVAILABLE TECHNICAL LITERATURE.

3. WELL BORE DAMAGE: THE CALCULATED ESTIMATED DAMAGE RATIO OF 1.8 INDICATES THAT WELL BORE DAMAGE IS PRESENT AT THE TIME AND CONDITIONS OF THIS TEST. THIS VALUE INFERS THAT THE RATE OF PRODUCTION OBSERVED AT THE FORMATION FACE DURING THIS TEST MAY BE INCREASED 1.8 TIMES IF THE WELL BORE DAMAGE ALONE WERE REMOVED. IT IS INTERESTING TO NOTE THAT THE SLOPE VALUE OF THE SECONDARY SLOPE, 576,300 PSI ²/CYCLE, DIVIDED BY THE PRIMARY SLOPE FACTOR OF 331,100 PSI ²/CYCLE GIVES A RATIO VALUE OF 1.74 WHICH AGREES VERY FAVORABLY TO THIS CALCULATED DAMAGE RATIO.

4. RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION: THE CALCULATED RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION OF THIS TEST IS 133 FEET BASED ON AN ASSUMED POROSITY OF 25%, FLUID COMPRESSIBILITY OF 50×10^{-5} AND OTHER ASSUMPTIONS AS PER ITEM 2 ABOVE.

5. GENERAL COMMENTS: THIS APPEARS TO BE A TEST OF A GAS BEARING FORMATION WITH SOME WELL BORE DAMAGE. ARTIFICIAL STIMULATION SHOULD HELP YIELD COMMERCIAL RATES OF FLOW OF GAS PRODUCTION.



L. O. PETTY

EVALUATION ENGINEER

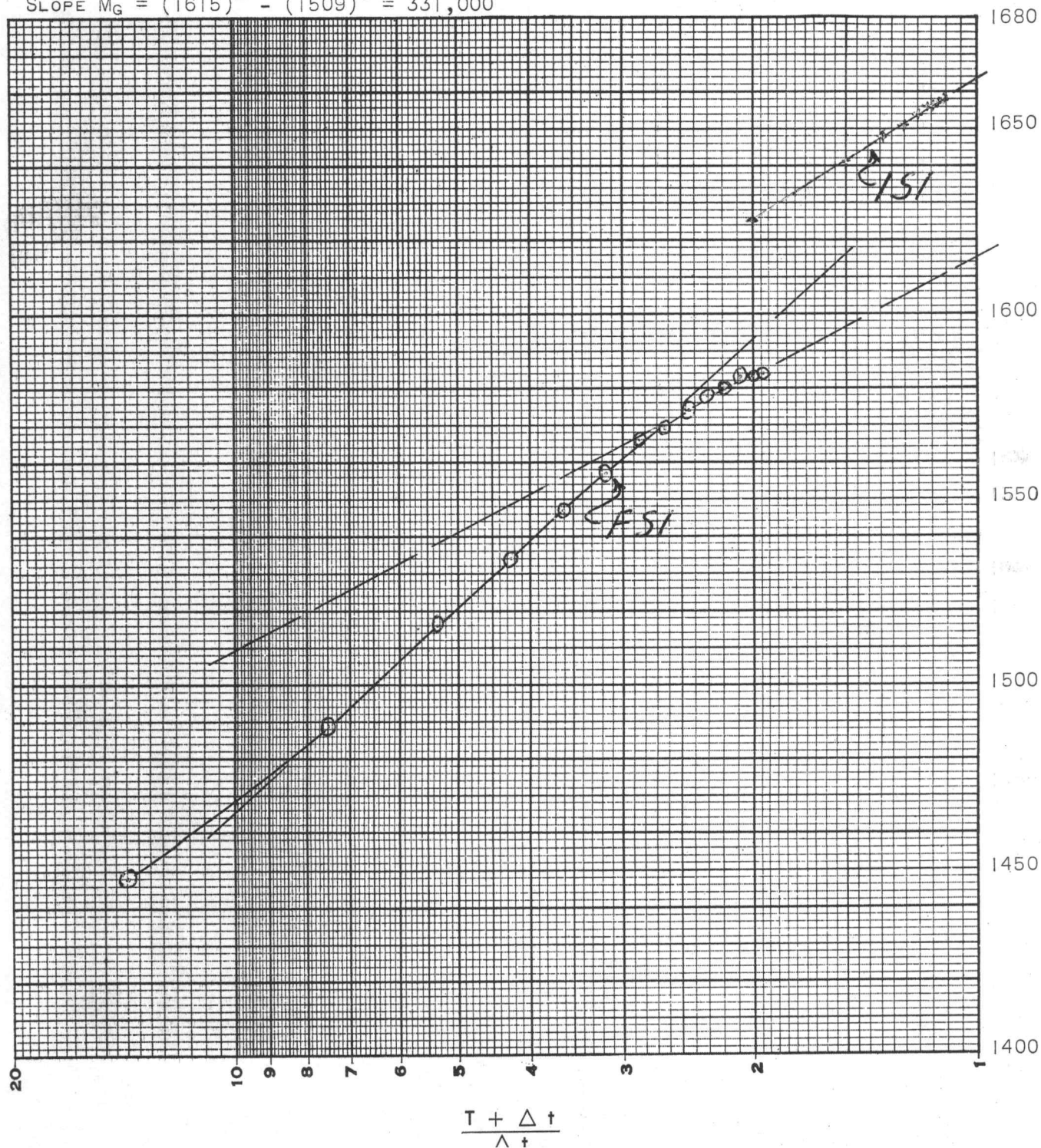
MOBIL OIL COMPANY
ROONEY #2, SEWARD COUNTY, KANSAS
TEST #1, 5408' TO 5422'

FIELD REPORT #07243 A

**JOHNSTON TESTERS****Gas Reservoir Engineering Data**Recorder No. T-165Field Report No. 07243 A

Estimated Damage Ratio	EDR	1.81	Effective Transmissibility	$\frac{Kh}{\mu Z}$	3157	$\frac{Md-ft.}{Cp.}$
Maximum Reservoir Pressure	P_o	1663 P.S.I.G.	Flow Rate	Q_g	1075	MCF/Day
Slope of Shut-in Curve	M_g	331,000 PSI ² /log cycle	Flow Rate	Q		
Potentiometric Surface (Datum Plane, Sea Level)	PS	3840 ft. ABOVE RECORDER	Flow Rate	Q		
Radius of Investigation		133 ft.	K (Effective to GAS)		3.3	Md.

$$\text{SLOPE } M_g = (1615)^2 - (1509)^2 = 331,000$$



Assumptions made for Calculations for Gas Recoveries

1. Q_g is taken as steady state flow and unless stated otherwise at standard conditions 14.7 P.S.I. and 60° F.
2. P_f is final formation flowing pressure at steady state flow.
3. Formation flow is taken as single phase flow. If liquid (condensate) is produced at surface, condensation is assumed to have occurred in drill pipe.
4. Radial flow is assumed.
5. Unless given, gas specific gravity is assumed to be 0.7 (air 1.0) and having pseudo critical temperature at 385° Rankin and pseudo critical pressure of 666 P.S.I.A.
6. Other standard radial flow, steady state assumptions.

Empirical Equations:

$$1. \text{ EDR} = \frac{P_o^2 - P_f^2}{M_g (\log T + 2.65)} \quad \text{Where } M_g = \frac{P_1^2 - P_{10}^2}{\text{Log Cycle}}$$

$$2. \text{ Transmissibility } \frac{Kh}{\mu Z} = \frac{1637^\circ T_f Q_g}{M_g}$$

$$3. \text{ P.S.} = \left[P_o \times 2.309 \text{ ft./PSI} \right] - \left[\text{Recorder depth to sea level.} \right]$$

Symbols	Dimensions	Symbols	Dimensions
B	Formation volume factor vol./vol.	Q	Rate of flow during test Bbls./day
c	Fluid compressibility vol./vol./psi.	Q _o	Rate of oil flow during test Bbls./day
EDR	Estimated damage ratio	Q _w	Rate of water flow during test Bbls./day
φ	Formation porosity fractional	Q _g	Rate of gas flow during test MCF/day
h	Net Producing interval feet	r _w	Well bore radius inches
J	Productivity index Bbls./day/PSI	t	Shut-in time period minutes
k	Permeability (effective) Millidarcies	Δt	Increment time of shut-in period minutes
M _g	Slope of shut-in buildup PSI ² /log cycle	T	Open flow time period minutes
P _f	Final flowing pressure PSIG	°T _f	Formation temperature °Rankin
P _{f si}	Final shut-in pressure at time t PSIG	μ	Fluid viscosity (Reservoir conditions) Centipoise
P _{isi}	Initial shut-in pressure PSIG	Z	Gas deviation factor (Compressibility factor)
P _o	Maximum reservoir pressure PSIG	$\frac{Kh}{\mu B}$ or $\frac{Kh}{\mu Z}$	Transmissibility factor $\frac{\text{Md.} - \text{ft.}}{C_p}$
P ₁	Final shut-in buildup plot Intercept @ 1 PSIG		
P ₁₀	Final shut-in buildup plot Intercept @ 10 PSIG		
P.S.	Potentiometric surface ft.		

In making any interpretation, our employees will give Customer the benefit of their best judgment as to the correct interpretation. Nevertheless, since all interpretations are opinions based on inferences from electrical, mechanical or other measurements, we cannot, and do not, guarantee the accuracy or correctness of any interpretations, and we shall not be liable or responsible, except in the case of gross or wilful negligence on our part, for any loss, costs, damages or expenses incurred or sustained by Customer resulting from any interpretation made by any of our agents or employees.



SURFACE INFORMATION

[illegible]

TOOL, HOLE & MUD DATA

Type Test	SELECTIVE ZONE STRADDLE		
Formation Tested	MORROW		
Elevation	- Ft.		
All Depths Measured From	DERRICK FLOOR		
TOOL SEQUENCE			
Tool	Size/Type	Depth/Length/ I.D.	
DRILL PIPE	4 1/2" FH	5138'3.8"	
DRILL COLLAR	4 1/2" H-90	238'2.25"	
DOUBLE PIN SUB	4 1/2" REG		
CIRCULATING SUB	4 1/2" PIN		
4-STAGE SHUT-IN	4 3/4"		
HYDRAULIC TOOL	3 1/2" C		
RECORDER CARRIER	4 7/8" T	6'	
JARS	3 1/2" HS-1		
BOB-TAIL PACKER	6 5/8"	5408'	
PERF. ANCHOR	3 1/2" FH	5'	
RECORDER CARRIER	4 7/8" L	4'	
PERF. ANCHOR	3 1/2" FH	3'	
BLANK ANCHOR	4 1/2" REG	1'	
CONV. PACKER	6 5/8"	5422'	
PERF. ANCHOR	3 1/2" FH	30'	
SELECTIVE ZONE			
ANCHORING DEVICE	6"	5452'	
RECORDER	3" L	2'	
RECORDER	3" L	2'	
Total Depth	5700	Ft.	
Main Hole Size	7 7/8"	Rat Hole Size	-
Casing Size	-	Liner Size	-
Bottom Choke Size	3/4"	Mud Type	CHEM
Mud Wt.	9.0	Mud Viscosity	60
Water Loss		4.4 C.C.	
Cushion Type	Amount	Pressure	
-	-	-	
TIME DATA			
Initial Flow	-	Hrs.	5 Mins
Initial Shut-in		Hrs.	- Mins.
Final Flow		Hrs.	- Mins.
Final Shut-in		Hrs.	- Mins.

Customer SAME AS BELOW

Company MOBIL OIL COMPANY; BOX 400; HUGOTON, KANSAS Date 2-14-64

Well ROONEY #2 Field CUTTER Location 7-31-34 W

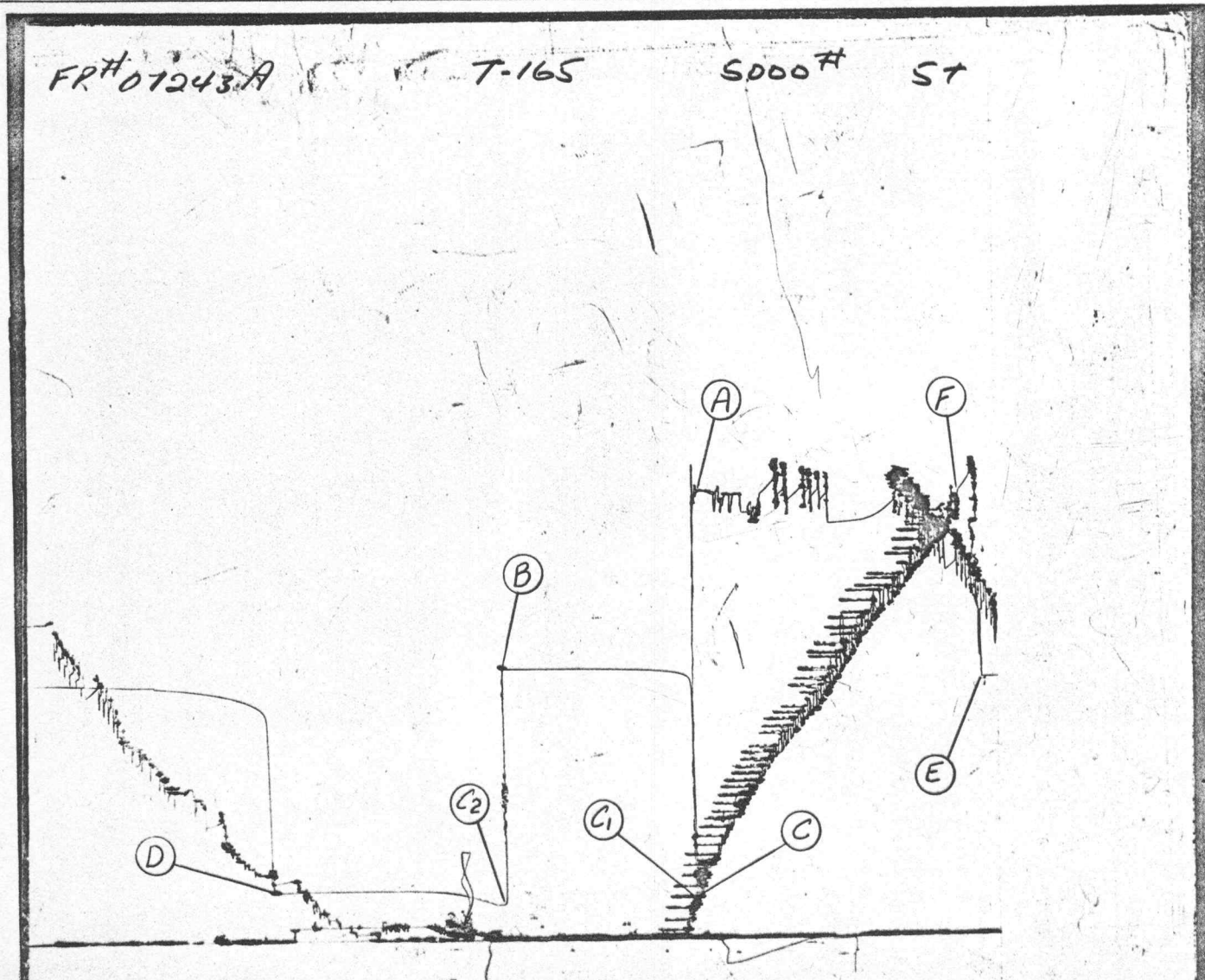
Test Interval 5408' TO 5422' Formation Test # 1 Casing Test # -

County SEWARD State KANSAS Field Report No. 07243 A

Tester CHANCE (LIBERAL) Test Approved By MR. JACK P. ANDERSON No. DST Reports Requested 5

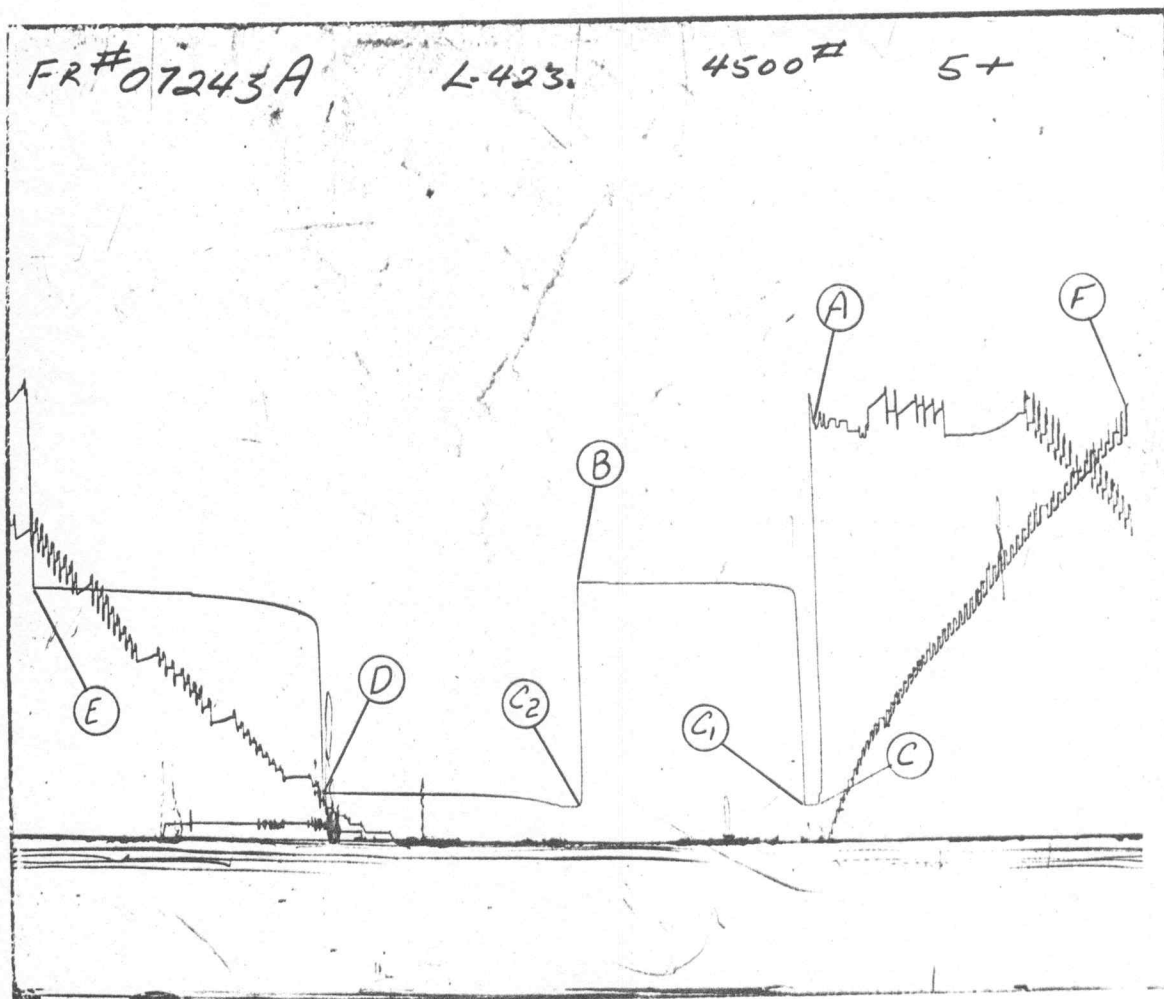
Recorder No.	T-165	INSIDE			
Capacity (P.S.I.G.)	5000				
Recorder Depth	5400'				
Pressure Gradient P.S.I./Ft.					
Well Temperature °F.	134				
A Initial Hydrostatic Mud	2727				
B Initial Shut-in	* 1658				
C Initial Flow	240				
D Final Flow	298				
E Final Shut-in	* 1584				
F Final Hydrostatic Mud	2717				
Remarks:	C-1 240				
	C-2 213				
CLOCK STOPPED BETWEEN POINTS "C" AND "C-1".					

*Shut in pressure did not reach static reservoir pressure.



Recorder No.	L-423	OUTSIDE			
Capacity (P.S.I.G.)	4,500				
Recorder Depth	5,415'				
Pressure Gradient P.S.I./Ft.					
Well Temperature °F.	134				
A Initial Hydrostatic Mud	2724				
B Initial Shut-in	* 1664				
C Initial Flow	212				
D Final Flow	285				
E Final Shut-in	* 1624				
F Final Hydrostatic Mud	2835				
Remarks:	c-1 208				
	c-2 208				

*Shut in pressure did not reach static reservoir pressure.

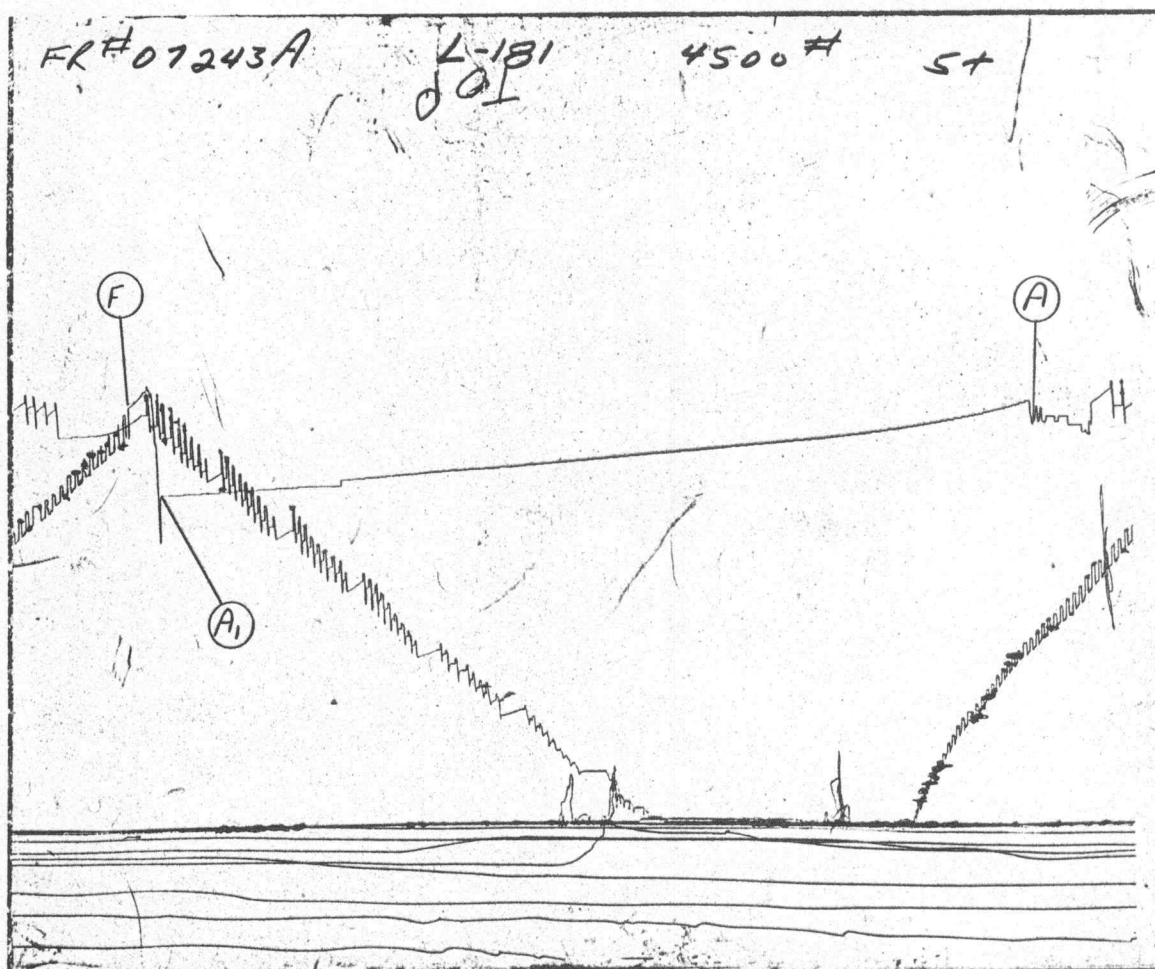


**JOHNSTON TESTERS****Pressure Data**Field Report No. 07243 A

Recorder No.	L-181	OUTSIDE			
Capacity (P.S.I.G.)	4500				
Recorder Depth	5457'				
Pressure Gradient P.S.I./Ft.					
Well Temperature °F.	134				
A Initial Hydrostatic Mud	2625				
B Initial Shut-in	-				
C Initial Flow	-				
D Final Flow	-				
E Final Shut-in	-				
F Final Hydrostatic Mud	2748				

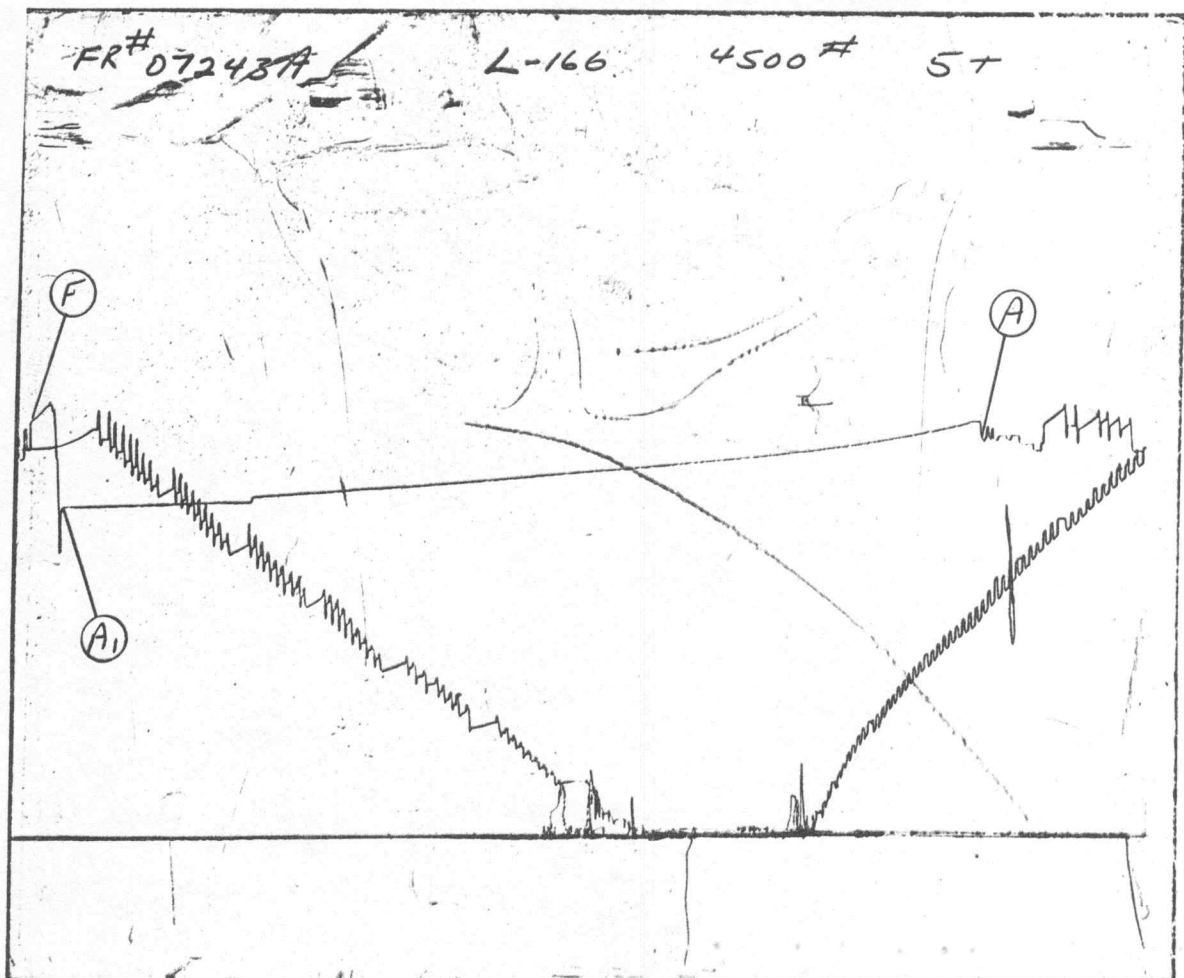
Remarks: A-1 2165
BELOW STRADDLE

*Shut in pressure did not reach static reservoir pressure.



Recorder No.	L-166	OUTSIDE			
Capacity (P.S.I.G.)	4500				
Recorder Depth	5459'				
Pressure Gradient P.S.I./Ft.					
Well Temperature °F.	134				
A Initial Hydrostatic Mud	2674				
B Initial Shut-in	-				
C Initial Flow	-				
D Final Flow	-				
E Final Shut-in	-				
F Final Hydrostatic Mud	2768				
Remarks:	A-1	2181			
	BELOW STRADDLE				

*Shut in pressure did not reach static reservoir pressure.



A WORLD OF EXPERIENCE



JOHNSTON TESTERS

Pressure Log*

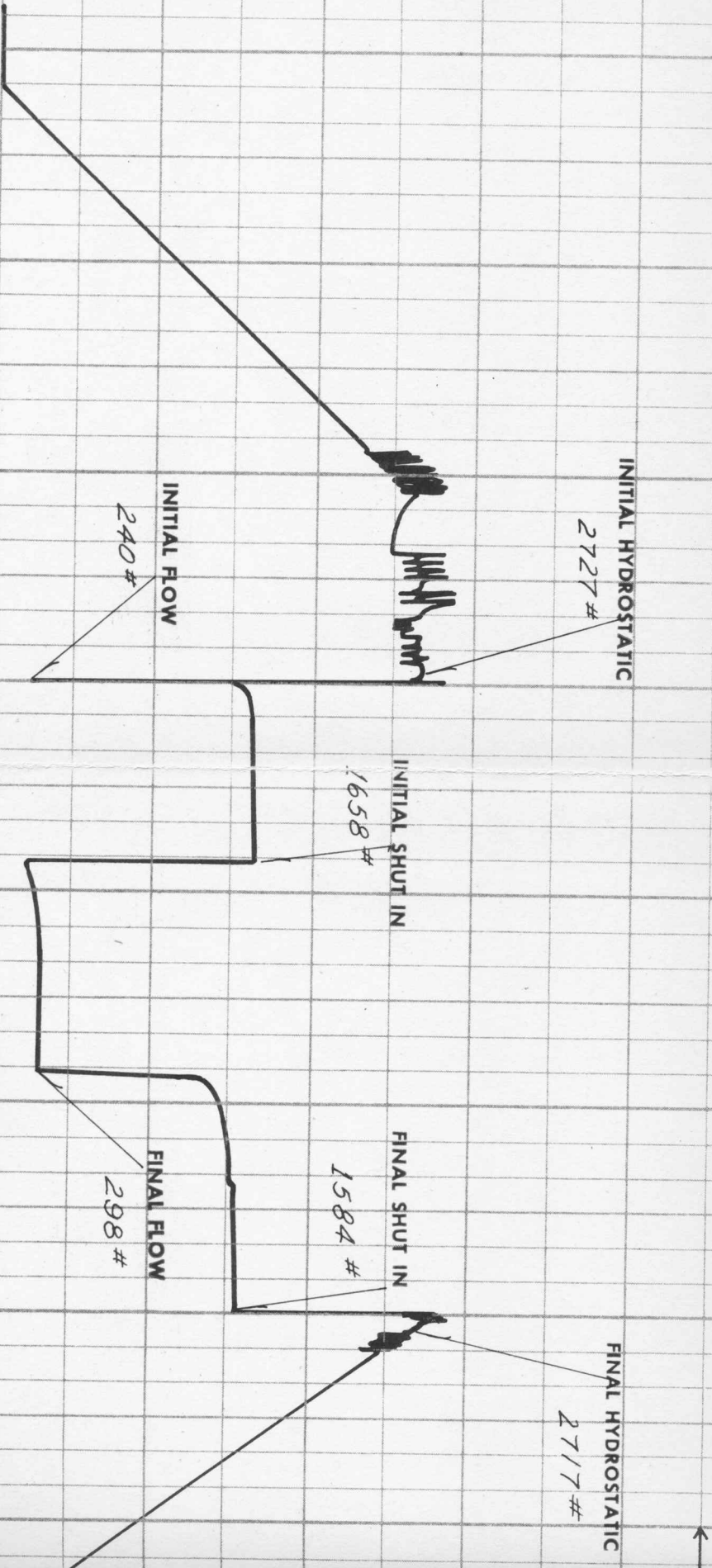
Field Report No. 07243A

Recorder No. T-165

Capacity 5,000 p.s.i.

Recorder Depth 5,400 ft.

* a continuous tracing of the original chart



INITIAL HYDROSTATIC

2727 #

INITIAL SHUT IN

1658 #

FINAL SHUT IN

1584 #

INITIAL FLOW

240 #

FINAL FLOW

298 #

FINAL HYDROSTATIC

2717 #

TIME →