(7.)

August, 1942.

Sinclair #1 Dill, SE corner, 13-38-19W, Elevation 1933'. 19867

Pennsylvanian conglomerate 3615-3617'
3615-3617 Chert, stained but not highly weathered, in part quartzose and solitic. A thin layer either on top of in a small depression in the dolomite.

Arbuckle Top 3617' Penetration 263' Sub-sea, minus 1684' 3617-3760 Dolomite, fine to coarse, white, pink, and light brown, chert-free, and with very low sand content. This interval includes Wiegel, Pre-Boyce, the Boyce equivalent, and some part of the Post-Boyce. Inasmuch as the Boyce sand does not show as a lithologic unit, the section cannot be sub-divided. Dolomite, medium to coarse, pink, sandy; with pellets 3760-3870 of glauconite. Everleigh. Probably also includes some section which grades laterally to Reagan further south. Coarse rounded quartz and coarse worn grains and 3870-3880 pebbles of feldspar. A local basal conglomerate. Reagan.

Pre-Cambrian Top 3880' Sub-sea, minus 1947' 3880-3889 Granite, coarse-grained; with pink feldspar, quartz, and very rare biotite.

Remarks: The top of the Arbuckle was raised from the Slumberger point of 3634' to 3617'. The top of Pre-Cambrian was raised from 3888' to 3880'. In the latter case it is difficult to pix pick the top of solid granite as there is no question but what granite wash is present from 3875-3880'. The point at which ferro-mag minerals appear was taken as the top of solid granite, although they migh merely indicate large pebbles.

Map as Post-Boyce. This section was compared with the Lario #1 Lynch, in 24-48-20W.