STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION

CONSERVATION DIVISION

Wichita, Kansas

#### RICHARD B. SCHMIDT

1219 COLLEGE AVENUE TOPEKA, KANSAS 66604

PETROLEUM EXPLORATION CONSULTANT

15-183-2000 500 00

February 21, 1972

CLOUD EXPLORATION COMPANY

Swede Nelson & Arnold Schoen 1019 Lincoln 231 West 20th Concordia, Kansas 66901

OLIVER # 1, 340 ft. west of
East line; 900 ft. south of
North line of SW1/4 of Section 5,
Township 5 South, Range 11 West,
SMITH COUNTY, KANSAS

Approximately the  $SE_{4}^{1}$ ,  $NE_{4}^{1}$  of  $SW_{4}^{1}$  of Section 5, T. 5 S., R. 11 W.

GENERAL:

Contractor: Ehrlich Drilling Company, Wilson, Kansas

Rotary Drilling: Surface to 4190 feet Spudded & set surface casing: January 26, 1972 Under surface casing drilling commenced: Jan. 28, 1972 Drilling completed: February 16, 1972 Total depth: 4190 feet

CASING:

Surface pipe: 242 feet of 8 - 5/8ths cemented with 150 sacks of cement.

Production pipe: none

**ELEVATIONS:** 

Ground level after dirt work: none surveyed

Derrick floor: none surveyed

Rotary bushing: estimated at 1764 feet above sea level

Rotary bushing elevation and measurements used.

DRILL STEM TESTS: None

CORES:

None

ELECTRIC LOGS:

None

15-183-20005-00-00

Memc: 3-19-72

Dear Frank: 

Enclased in The Long on critical interpretations

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Chives no I Well Smith Co.
Sorry being as late getting the:
to you, I debut think in would be
this long. But he fust received
the log from Richard Salmidt
this past Wednesday, and Two,
out of toron When it came.

Frank, you mentioned the day I was down by whe wanted to with held hold this information for awhile.

yes, if possible Could it be with held sented the middle of Jame.

with may want to look at this area some more get, of this meets

with your approval. I can't help but think its up their somewhere.

Securely of mes Church Colored SEC. 5-5-1/W STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION CONSERVATION DIVISION Wichita, Effectionsurance

Page 2 of 8

#### GEOLOGICAL DATA

Thirty foot drilling samples were saved and examined wet from 2075 to 2300 feet; twenty foot samples from 2300 to 2720 feet; ten foot samples from 2720 feet to the total depth of 4190 feet except in selected areas, five foot samples were saved and examined wet. It should be noted that posted written instructions dated December 27, 1971, requested ten foot drilling samples from 2000 feet to total depth. Since these requested instructions were not followed, it would be speculative to properly evaluate the various formations above the ten foot samples.

One foot drilling time was retained from 1,800 feet to 4190 feet.

FORMATION TOPS	BY SAMPLES & TIME LOG
Foraker lime	2020 feet
Stotler lime	2302
Burlingame lime	2446
Topeka lime	2552
Heebner shale	2816
Toronto lime	2840
LANSING LIME	2912
Base of the Hertha lime	3182
Cherokee Section	3366
Cherokee sand	3433
BURGESS SAND	3641
MISSISSIPPIAN	3670
Gilmore City lime	3763
HUNTON lime	3827
VIOLA	3904
Simpson shale section	4086
ARBUCKLE DOLOMITE	4125
Total depth of well	4190
TOOKE GOPOIL OF WOLL	4170

#### ZONES OF CONSIDERABLE INTEREST

### TOPEKA LIME [ 2552 ]

At 2785 feet, after circulating 3/4 hour, recovered off-white limestone, chalky in part, with good pin-point porosity; dense off-white fossiliferous limestone.

At 2800 feet, recovered more of the same. These samples are from the porous zone of 2772 to 2790 feet. No free live oil shows or gas or dead oil was observed, however, at this point, a questionable slight odor was detected by driller, Raymond Teel, Russell, Kansas. Upon his second attempt, no odor was detected and none whatsoever by me.

## LANSING LIME [ 2912 ]

At 2920 feet, recovered white dense crystalline lime; white dense fossiliferous limestone and snow white chalk.

At 2930 feet, recovered white chalk, dense cream limestone chalky grading to sub-crystalline. These samples are from the 10 foot sone.

At 2951 feet, after circulating 1 hour, recovered dense cream suboolitic limestone grading to fossiliferous with chalk matrix; dense cream fossiliferous limestone. These samples are from the 30 foot more

Page 3 of 8

At 2990 feet, after circulating 1/2 hour, recovered dense cream cherty limestone grading to sub-oolitic lime with traces of small grain colicastic limestone; dense cream-gray fossiliferous limestone. This is the 70 foot zone.

At 3006 feet, after circulating 1 hour, recovered soft cream-white oolitic limestone with a chalk matrix. Traces of medium grain light gray oolicastic limestone 10%, rest oolitic limestone. These samples are from the 90 foot zone, 2996 to 3006 feet.

At 3010 feet, recovered more of the last above plus traces of snow-white crystalline limestone with good porosity.

At 3020 feet, recovered dense cream oolitic limestone; dense white limestone grading to sub-crystalline with some white crystalline limestone and porosity; white cherty to chalky limestone. It should be noted that about 2 inches of drilling mud was lost in this 100 foot zone.

At 3085 feet, after circulating 1 hour, recovered white and cream soft dense limestone grading to chalky; dense cream limestone grading to white crystalline porous limestone. These samples are from the 160 foot zone of 3071 to 3078 and 3081 to 3087 feet.

At 3180 feet, recovered light gray oblitic to sub-oblicastic medium grain limestone. These samples are from the Hertha lime (Base of the Kansas City limes) at 3158 to 3182 feet.

### MARMAT ON [ 3212 ]

At 3280 feet, recovered green, brown, gray shales and siltstone; gray siltstone grading to sub-micaceous sandstone, very fine and friable. This partial sand zone is at 3266 to 3278 feet.

### CHEROKEE SECTION [ 3366 ]

At 3410 feet, recovered considerable light green, fine grain and highly calcareous cemented dense non-micaceous sandstone. This compares lithologically to the Lagonda Sandstone [ Squirrel Sand ] of Eastern Kansas except that it is not brown in color and not micaceous. The zone is from 3396 to 3412 feet.

At 3450 feet, recovered traces of fine grain dense white-translucent sandstone clusters, calcareous in part and somewhat compares lithologically to the Cattleman Sand of Eastern Kansas.

# BURGESS SAND OR BASAL PENNSYLVANIAN SAND [ 3641 ]

At 3651 feet, after circulating 1 hour, recovered 80% light greenwhite fine grain sub-angular, non-micaceous sandstone clusters. About half were fairly friable and the rest not too friable but well cemented. This is the porous sand zone from 3641 to 3651 feet with rough to slightly rough drilling.

At 3652 feet, a bit trip was made and at 3653 feet, the hole was cleaned-up for 1/2 hour.

At 3670 feet, after circulating I hour, recovered considerable medium and fine grain, translucent, well cemented sandstone with traces of black dead-oil stain in few clusters with no live-free oil, gas, odor or floresence. The translucent sand here at 3654 to 3671 feet was courser grained than in the above zone. These two massive large clean sand zones to a greater degree had intra-grain porosity to the extent where I believe they would yield considerable fluid on a drill-stem-test. They are the best zones developed in the whole test well.

These sand zones in the Cherokee are listed even though Wallace Lee in the Kansas Geological Survey Bulletin # 121, STRATIGRAPHY AND STRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE SALINA BASIN AREA, 1956, p. 87, says, "In the Saline Basin, the sandstone and coal beds so characteristic of the Cherokee - - - are not represented - - - "

Page 4 of 8

### MISSISSIPPIAN [ 3671 ]

At 3680 feet, recovered very light tan dense sucrosic dolomite, buff to pale yellow chert, some very sharp; snow white chert.

At 3685 feet, after circulating 1 hour, recovered snow white, non-viterous chert.

### - GILMORE CITY LIME [ 3763 ]

At 3780 feet, recovered dense soft cream medium grain oolitic limestone 60% with a chalk matrix and medium grain oolitic dolomite 5%. This is the porous zone from 3772 to 3776 feet.

At 3790 feet, recovered the same plus a trace of dead oil stain in the chalky lime matrix of the oolites.

At 3800 feet, recovered 80% cream-tan soft dense medium grain oolitic limestone with a trace of dead oil stain in the white chalky lime matrix.

At 3810 feet, recovered more of the last above plus a trace of black shale (possibly Chattanooga shale). MOst of these samples were from the zone 3788 to 3800 feet.

# VIOLA [ 3904 ]

At 3970 feet, recovered dense cream dolomite, vuggy in part, some of this has a white chalk matrix. Most of these sample are from a porous zone at 3956 to 3969 feet.

At 4000 feet, recovered dense dark-cream fine and medium grain dolomitic lime with some vuggy porosity. Most of this is from the porous zone at 3988 to 3966 feet.

### SIMPSON SECTION [ 4086]

At 4090 feet, recovered white opaque chert, soft cream limestone, light tan sucrosic dolomite, most from the Viola above. Yellow shale, pale green shale, non-waxy; traces of well rounded medium grain translucent sand grains in blue-green shale matrix.

At 4100 feet, recovered more of the last above plus yellow-gray, yellow, olive green and gray shales.

At 4120 feet, after circulating  $l_2^1$  hours, recovered pale green-gray, yellow shale, gray siltstone, traces of translucent sand grains as second above, plus 40% soft cream limestone. All these samples are typical from 4086 to 4120 feet, and are typical of the samples from the SIMPSON of the Helmrich & Payne Inc. Meyer well in the C NE  $SW_4^1$  of Section 10, 5-11W., Smith County, Kansas. There was no clean sand zone development observed by me from the drilling time or from the samples even though the drilling mud was in excellent condition. It should be noted that these samples ARE NOT THE TYPICAL blue-green waxy Simpson Shale south and southwest of the Central Kansas Uplift.

### ARBUCKLE DOLOMITE [ 4125 ]

At 4140 feet, after circulating  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours, recovered traces of white opaque chert, light tan and traces of pinish-white dense dolomite and white sucrosic dolomite. These are from the porous zone at 4127 to 4140 feet.

Page 5 of 8

At 4180 feet, recovered light tan, tan-yellow dense to medium crystalline dolomite with some crystalline porosity. These are from the porous zone of 4169 to 4180 feet.

#### STRUCTURAL COMPARISONS

No structural comparisons are being made with other test wells in the general area since the operators of this well did not furnish a reliable surveyed well site elevation. To use an assumed elevation would be highly speculative as to reliable conclusions.

#### CONCLUSIONS

There never were any shows of live-free oil, gas, live-free oil staining, petroleum type odors or gas odors and oil floresence observed by me during the drilling of this well and of all the many samples examined. I spent many, many hours in actual well site examination and found NO EVIDENCE of free-live oil, gas or staining of free-live oil.

It should benoted that the massive BURGESS SAND (Basal Pennsylvanian Sand) development suggests to me a possible near-by high Mississippi structure. This sand could be a good producer if it is situated correctly with live free oil or gas.

The Gilmore City lime of the Mississippian also could develop if higher structure or a structural trap is found.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

Due to the complete absence of any shows of free-live oil, gas, stainings of free-live oil or odors of oil or gas as observed by me,it is recommended that the OLIVER drill site or test well as legally described on page one of this report be plugged and abandoned as A DRY HOLE.

Respectfully submitted by:

Richard B. Schmidt.

Petroleum Exploration Consultant, AR & BRA

RBS:jr

Drilling time attached hereto

Page 6 of 8

#### DRILLING TIME LOG

CLOUD EXPLORATION COMPANY, Swede Nelson & Arnold Schoen 1019 Lincoln & 231 West 20th, Concordia, Kansas 66901

Oliver # 1, 340 ft. west of East line; 900 ft. south of North line of  $SW_{4}^{1}$  of Section 5, Township 5 South, Range 11 West, SMITH COUNTY, KANSAS, approximately the  $SE_{4}^{1}$ ,  $NE_{4}^{1}$  of  $SW_{4}^{1}$  of Section 5, 5-11 West.

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Page 7 of 8

Page 8 of 8

2 a. m. Feb. 17, 1972